The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By J. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER VIII

A Cavalry Charge—"Bayonets!"

There was a great city of these cabins; toward the north, a great conflagration was raging among them, and there was no one to dispute the progress of the roaring flames. It was now night and I entered one of the best officer's cabins for the night's lodging. The night was cool and I soon had a cheerful fire blazing and was comfortable, even in the absence of overcoat and blanket. But I was nervous over the possible coming of the guerrillas, or vindictive natives; either would "wipe me out."

I was tired; for hours I was wakeful and restless; but the songs of toads, frogs and lizards in the Appomattox swamps, the chirp of night birds, and the piping of insects, in grand chorus put me to sleep, and when I awoke, the sun was up, the sky was clear and the weather most lovely and mild. The fire in the abandoned camps was still raging; cannonade was heard at intervals.

The church steeples of Petersburg, five miles away, were in sight. After a hurried breakfast of crackers and pork, I started for the City on a straight line, through swamps, woods and fields to find some one in authority for orders and guidance. A few miles out of Petersburg I came to a large Confederate Soldiers Cemetery. At three different points, and widely separated, stood as many caskets, by the sides of open graves. I went to the nearest one; the lid was loose and lay crosswise over the middle. On my approach a great swarm of flies and beetles, varying in size from a house fly to a humming bird, arose out of the casket, with a great buzzing noise, amid a horrible stench, circled round and about the "cadaver," which was the remains of a nicely uniformed Confederate Captain, in an awful state of decomposition.

I went to the next grave; the lid of the casket was lying beside it. The condition of the dead; the bugs and flies, and the gruesome surroundings, were all the same. I went to the third; the lid of the casket was in place. I "pulled" it, and found that this casket, like the two others, also contained the dead body of a Confederate officer. This might have been inferred, however, from the well known fact that, at this extreme stage of the war, only officers received coffined burial, and then only in camp.

The fact of the remains of these three Confederate officers left lying unburied, beside their ready, open graves, shows with what precipitate haste the Confederates left their works, camps, and employ, at the sound of their last "long roll," and "call to arms," on that bright, eventful Sunday morning of April 2nd, 1865, when near a thousand cannon opened upon them, all along the forty-five miles of the Union lines with a cannonade seldom equalled in any war.

JUDGE PARKER'S STRENGTH.

Judge Parker's telegram declaring himself for sound money has made such an impression that he may save the Democratic party.

The comments elicited from all quarters show that Judge Parker's action has won the confidence of the people, and that sort of confidence President Roosevelt has not inspired.

His imperialism and his dictatorial ways, together with his revival of the race issue in the South and other Rough-Rider fads, have awakened among the people a distrust of Mr. Roosevelt and the Republican party.

Mr. Roosevelt has the support of his intimate friends and his political proteges, but conservative people eye him with distrust. They acknowledge that he is irreproachable as an individual—that he is a stanch patriot, a good husband, a loyal friend. But they doubt his capacity for self-control, distrust his judgment and question his conception of Presidential duties.

Like the German Emperor, he wishes to meddle in every detail of the public service, to control every department, to rule every official, to be both the lawmaker and the executive, to be the source of power and to apply it.

Between Mr. Roosevelt's views of the President's duties and the views of the American people on that subject there is a very wide difference. He evidently thinks that the President of the United States is a sort of dictator, while the people rightly regard him merely as their Chief Magistrate, as the executive head of the Administration. This domineering conception of his official duties has excited widespread resentment among Republicans and has led him to make mistakes that would have prevented his nomination if the Republican party had had any other available candidate.

As it was, however, he had virtually a walkover, and the Democrats were entirely out of the running until Judge Parker's telegram to W. F. Sheehan at the St. Louis Convention revealed to them that they had a candidate possessed of strong sense and statesmanship. It showed that the Democrats who had nominated him believing him to be the King Log had really chosen King Stork.

OHIO IS WOODWARD'S EGYPT.

In a recent issue of the Centre Reporter, the editor from personal observation, spoke in a complimentary way in referring to the Pennsylvania Agricultural exhibit at the Louisiana Exposition at St. Louis. Since then it has developed that the writer and thousands of other Pennsylvanians were deceived, and this deception, if the following account may be believed, was perpetrated by one from Centre county.

The Reporter was honest when it spoke of the creditableness of this exhibit, and it will be honest now and condemn the perpetration of the fraud.

There are other divisions of the Pennsylvania exhibit at the great fair that should be investigated. The products in the latter are undoubtedly Pennsylvania's, but instead of using the funds in the purchase of something presumably better in character from some other state, a large portion of the appropriation was either lost or stolen by the persons who handled the funds.

The method employed by Colonel Woodward is novel—in a sense—if true; the method adopted by the heads of the other departments is that of the Pennsylvania politician. The former was over-zealous in making the corn display; the latter are thieves, pure and simple.

The Philadelphia North American published the following:

Was Ohio mammoth corn palmed off as the ordinary product of Pennsylvania at the St. Louis Exposition?

Prominent agriculturists say it was.

James H. Lambert, of Philadelphia, executive officer of the commission in charge of the Pennsylvania exhibit, says he knows nothing of the alleged deception.

Visitors to the Fair were attracted to Pennsylvania's agricultural exhibit by tales of the wonderful corn.

"The stalks are like saplings, by Hen!" declared envious rustics from other States.

"Look at them ears," declared others. "They're bigger'n juicer'n anything in our State."

The longer the exhibit remained the greater became the wonder and larger the throng. The meagre display of other products, for which Pennsylvania paid $15,000, was dwarfed in the corn's majestic presence.

Suddenly, it is alleged, the disgraceful discovery was made; Ohio, claimed the specimen, and after a brief, pitiful and ineffective attempt at evasion Pennsylvania acknowledged the corn.

The noble monarch of the agricultural pavilion was taken from its terrace and not even a mullein was put in its place.

Where there were throngs, only the guard now paces around the Pennsylvania exhibit. Farmers from this State hurry through other aisles and look to the displays of other States for instruction.

Colonel John A. Woodward, of Howard, whose contract for the charge of the Pennsylvania agricultural exhibit expired last month, has been replaced by Professor Frank A. Menges, of York.

The small and inadequate horticultural exhibit of this State, for which $5000 was paid, attracted so much adverse criticism that it has been transferred from the Horticultural Building and is now an appendix to the State's agricultural exhibit.

Cyrus T. Fox, of Reading, who had charge of the horticultural exhibit, found himself out of a job after the transfer.

Jeremiah Condo, murderously assaulted in Centre County jail July 29, while performing his duties as turnkey, by prisoners. Died Sunday morning, one o'clock, July 31st. Interred at Spring Mills, Wednesday morning, August 3.

Jerry Condo, the turnkey, is dead. Death came Sunday morning at one o'clock, about twenty-eight hours after the assult upon him by prisoners. He never regained consciousness, although he had the constant attention of the most skilled physicians.

Jerry Condo, whose death was due to a compound fracture of the skull and other injuries received at the hands of various prisoners, an account of which appears in this issue, was born in Gregg township in 1843, and consequently was sixty-one years of age.

He resided in Gregg township during his entire life, except the time he served as a member of Company G, 148th Regiment, P. V. I.

He was a Republican in politics, but owed his appointment as turnkey to a Democratic sheriff. During the greater part of his life he followed the trade of blacksmithing, and it was only when disability confronted him that he lay down the hammer and tongs and quenched the fire on the hearth.

The deceased is survived by a widow and four children, namely, Mrs. I. A. Sweetwood, Centre Hall; Mrs. R. U. Bitner, Spring Mills; J. I. Condo, Jr., Orangeville, Ill.; Miss Ida Condo, Spring Mills.

He also leaves four brothers and two sisters, namely, Ex-Sheriff John P. Condo, of Sunbury; James, of Penn Hall; Jonas, of Hublersburg; Lott, of Belleville; Mrs. Harriet Koch, of State College; Mary, wife of James Roush, of Aaronsburg.

Interment was made Wednesday morning in the Spring Mills cemetery, Rev. G. W. McIlnay, of the Methodist church, officiating.

STORY OF THE DELIVERY.

The Escape from the Cell and Assault upon the Turnkey.

The prisoners who escaped by brutally assaulting and killing Turnkey Jerry Condo are—

WILLIAM DILLEN
IRA GREEN
DOMINIC CONSTANCE
GEORGE HENDERSON
GEORGE LIVINGSTON

Dillen and Green were confined in a steel cell. They managed to secure a table knife, which was turned into a saw. With this crude instrument the prisoners sawed off the connecting pin of the hinge on the steel cell door, bent the door outward and escaped from their hated quarters to the main corridor.

At an opportune time the prisoners descended the iron stairway, entered the bath room and there awaited their victim. As was his custom, Turnkey Condo entered the prison proper at about 8:30 p. m. Edward McCulley, a prisoner who had the freedom of the jail, was with the turnkey when he entered through the heavy iron gate. The prisoner preceded Mr. Condo, and immediately went up stairs, leaving the turnkey alone. This was the moment for action, and not a second of time was wasted to put their hellish plans into execution.

The bath room door was thrown open and from the dark hiding place, made historic by serving a similar purpose in time past, the villians pounced upon their prey. Armed with a crude, improvised black-jack made by placing an iron in the toe of a stocking, Green proceeded to beat the turnkey into insensibility.

Satisfied that the turnkey was insensible, Green tore the keys from the chain that held them fast to Mr. Condo's clothing, and pitched them to the second floor to George Livingston, who no doubt was at that point by prearrangement. Livingston hurried to the cell of his confederates—Constance and Henderson—and released them, and together the three men quickly ran down the stair way, and with the two bludgeoners made their escape from the prison.

While this part of the program was being enacted, Edward McCulley stood in fear a silent witness, and it is from him that the exact movements of the prisoners is obtained. After the severe beating given by Green, Mr. Condo made some involuntary movement which led Dillen to believe that there was yet danger of a combat, and immediately began raining blows on the prostrate body of the victim.

SHERIFF DEPUTIZES THIRTY-SIX

Members of Company B on Saturday Morning.

On the arrival in Bellefonte of Captain H. S. Taylor and Company B, Saturday morning, the sheriff deputized thirty-six members of the company and a search was instituted that covered a great scope of country, but the effort was barren of good results.

PRISONERS GAIN FREEDOM.

After Committing a Murderous Assult They Deliberately Walk from Jail.

Every condition was favorable to the escape of the prisoners, who no doubt began planning a week or more previous to the final scene. It appears that the Italian had a grudge at the turnkey, the sheriff, and almost every one who came in contact with him prior to his imprisonment, and it was intimated that he and the other prisoners would "get even" with those in authority.

During a greater part of Friday the prisoners were engaged in singing and making sport, but all the while the crude saw was gradually cutting way to liberty.

On reaching the stone steps in front of the jail the five men hastily surveyed the surroundings, turned and passed by the left side of the jail, continuing on East High Street.

The last seen of the self-liberated prisoners was at the end of High Street. Since then no information of a positive nature had been gained that gave the least clue to their whereabouts until Tuesday when they were captured.

PRISONER BECOMES SAMARITAN.

McCulley Administers to the Assaulted Turnkey.

Prisoner McCulley, who refused to leave the prison at the suggestion of the murderers, at once began to minister to the injured turnkey and did all in his power to resuscitate the man whose power in the bastile, a few minutes previous, was supreme.

After hastily giving notice to the outside world what had happened within, the prisoner resumed his care of the injured man until professional service arrived.

Dr. W. W. Feidt and Dr. J. L. Seibert were summoned, who at once pronounced the wounds serious and expressed little hope for the recovery of the man. The injury consisted of a compound fracture of the skull and numerous minor bruises.

THE ITALIAN CONFESSED.

Dominic Constance Arrested at Bedford by R. R. Detective.

Dominic Constance was arrested at Bedford Monday by Railroad detective C. D. Begler for riding on a freight train. Later he confessed to being one of the five prisoners who escaped from the Bellefonte jail Friday night, and also stated that he had a hand in the killing of Turnkey Condo.

After making the escape the men separated and Constance says he spent the time in the Broad Top Coal region in Bedford county, but thinking that he was too near the scene of his trouble for safety was trying to reach a safer place.

Italian to Land Thursday.

It has been planned to land the Italian in the county jail today (Thursday.) Sheriff Taylor will escort the prisoner from the Bedford county jail.

CAPTURED IN SWAMP.

Dillen, Green and Henderson Again in County Prison.

The slayers of Turnkey Condo were returned to the county jail Tuesday evening at 9:30 o'clock. The capture was made in a swamp near Mill Hall in the afternoon, after an exciting hunt by scores of men armed to the teeth.

The men who surrounded the escaped prisoners and captured them were Horace Stiver, Elmer Fanigan, Atwood Harvey, Charley Snyder, and an unknown man, of Clinton county.

The three returned prisoners are Dillen, Green and Henderson, the former two being the ones who are directly responsible for the death of Mr. Condo.

While the honor for the actual capture belongs to Mill Hall gentlemen, their success was made possible by the unrelenting search of four young men, members of Company B, Bellefonte, whose names are E. R. Taylor, James Morrison, Thomas Caldwell and R. C. Daley. According to Mr. Taylor's story to the writer, this party started out Sunday morning, went to Cato, from there to Howard, where they got a clue, as the four men (Livingston included) were seen there Sunday night. From there they went to Bald Eagle, where the murderers were seen going toward Howard. The searching party arrived in Howard at 6 o'clock Monday evening, remained all night and Tuesday morning took a trail that led to Mill Hall. At this point the murderers eluded the searching party by hiding in an ice house, but were afterwards discovered tracking toward the mountains. Morrison and Hagen (a deputy sworn in on the spot) secured horses and made a chase through the mountains, while the others were stationed at various points. The result was that the three escaped prisoners were driven to the swamp and captured.

Livingston was lost to the party sometime Monday.

DESCRIPTION OF ESCAPED PRISONERS.

Commissioners Offer Reward of $800 for the Capture of the Murderers.

The commissioners of Centre county promptly offered a reward of $600 for the capture of the escaped prisoners. This reward, after it had been discovered that the outlaws would undoubtedly be confronted with the charge of murder, if captured, was increased to $800. The latter supposition proved correct, as is elsewhere told in this story, the brutal assault resulted in the death of Mr. Condo.

The description furnished by the commissioners in connection with the offer of reward is as follows, and may prove of value to some one of the Reporter readers:

William Dillen, of Sandy Ridge, charged with rape. Age twenty-one years, six feet tall, three weeks growth of beard, dark brown hair, coarse featured, pimples on face, wears soft black hat, weighs one hundred and sixty pounds.

Ira Green, of Tyrone, charged with stealing a watch from a lady at Unionville. Age twenty-one, five feet eight inches tall, black hair, three weeks growth of beard, weight one hundred and fifty pounds, round face, wears soft black hat.

Dominic Constance, Italian, charged with burning David Rothrock's barn and attempted to set fire to house, five feet six inches, weighs one hundred and forty pounds, dark hair, speaks fairly good English.

George Henderson, residence given as Colorado. Caught in the act of robbing Turner's store at Julian, he was shot at the time by merchant Turner, inflicting an ugly wound in the right eye. Five feet four inches, chunky, weighs one hundred and fifty pounds, face shaven, black mustache, long hair. Wore tan belt with one and a half inch silver ornament. Age twenty-six years.

George Livingston, age eighteen; height, five feet, two inches, dark brown hair, weighs one hundred and twenty-five pounds, smooth face, dimple at eyes when he laughs, pug nose, dark complexion. Charged with larceny of a horse and buggy from a party living on Spring Creek. Gives his home as New York city.

The Burial of Mr. Condo.

The funeral services over the remains of Jerry Condo were held at Spring Mills Wednesday morning.

Fully fifteen hundred people assembled to pay their respects to the memory of him who was so foully dealt with. The services were held in the Presbyterian church, and were conducted by Mr. Condo's pastor, Rev. G. W. McIlnay, of the Methodist church, assisted by Rev. Dr. D. M. Wolf, Rev. Lauffer and Rev. W. C. Bierly.

The services at the grave were conducted by the Spring Mills Castle of the Knights of the Golden Eagles, the burial ritual of that organization being used.

A squad of Company B. acted as a military escort to the remains and at the grave fired three volleys.

Quite a large delegation of the members of the G. A. R. attended the funeral.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Landlord of the Brockerhoff House, H. S. Ray, is the owner of an Oldsmobile.

The insurance adjusters awarded the Bellefonte Academy $3,890 35 for the damages.

The street leading to the mountain was repaired by hauling gravel and earth on it.

Jacob Sprow and George Earhart, west of Centre Hall, were callers on business last week.

William Groh Hoffer has become editor of the Van Wert, Ohio, Daily Times, a new publication.

The steam threshing machine is "getting busy." Most of the crops are quite small, and the quality of grain in many instances poor.

An independent telephone system is to be established at Lewisburg. The surrounding towns will also be connected with the main center at Lewisburg.

Messrs. Lyman Smith, Samuel Shoop, and Austin Krape last week roofed the dwelling house of Merchant Frank in Millheim. The material used was slate.

Misses Rosie and Lottie Armbruster were callers Friday. The former having spent a week at her home at Farmers Mills was on her way to Bellefonte at which place she has been staying for several years.

The Centre county executive committee met in Tyrone and fixed Saturday, August 20 as the date for the picnic of ex-Centre county residents of Blair county. The picnic will be held at Glasgow's Grove, Bellwood.

The Bellefonte Daily News erroneously announced the death of J. Wells Evans, of Spring Mills. Mr. Evans will have the unique experience of reading his death notice, and that while he is in the best of health.

The pike company did a great amount of work on the pike between the top of Nittany Mountain and Centre Hall. This road is always kept in the best possible condition and requires a great deal of attention.

The Reporter during the past week has added a goodly number of new subscribers. Among those of most recent date were J. P. Durst, Jacksonville, Florida; Wm. Bradford, Pine Grove Mills, and George Earhart, Centre Hall.

You can get the best fourteen per cent. available phosphoric acid phosphate from D. W. Bradford to be found in the market. There is no natural rock phosphate to be had anywhere that will analyze a higher per cent. of available phosphoric acid than can be bought from Mr. Bradford.

From the Mifflinburg Times: Miss Eleanor Shaffer, who has been visiting relatives in Centre county for several weeks past, has returned to her home in the West End.—George Klingman came down from Centre county on Saturday, to spend a few days among former home friends and attend to some business matters.

The Review of Reviews is sustaining its reputation as "the indispensable magazine in the Presidential year." Its July number was a Republican one. The issue for August is Democratic—full of political articles of current and permanent value, the whole subject of the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis.

Samuel A. Porter, a rural mail carrier on route number one from Lewisburg, last week, was struck by the west bound passenger train at Brook Park and seriously injured. The wagon was completely demolished, but the horse escaped unharmed. Mr. Porter is aged seventy years, and served during the war of the rebellion.

The Christian Houser farm sold by Henry Houser to William E. Tate, mention of which was made in last week's issue of the Reporter, passed for $4,400—an advance of $400 paid to Christian Houser. Mr. Tate will take possession of his purchase this fall. Henry Houser moved to the Club House at Hecla, Monday, and will be at the services of the members of the club at $50.00 per month. Christian Houser will make his home at Houserville when vacating the Houser place.

The Mifflinburg camping party, after spending Tuesday and Wednesday of last week on top of Nittany Mountain, Thursday morning drove to Rebersburg where they took dinner. From there they proceeded to Stover's in the eastern part of Brush Valley, struck camp for the night, and next day drove to their home. The party which consisted of Messrs. Elliot J. Gutelius, James H. Snodgrass, Grant W. Yoder, Charles A. Bogar, John E. Bibighaus, and John A. Beard, were highly pleased with the tour and especially with Centre Hall and surrounding country.

MEMORY LANE.

I know a lane, where the brier rose
  Leans o'er the old stone wall;
And the scented leaves from an apple tree
  Like tinted sea shells fall.
There's a turnstile, too, 'twixt the winding lane
  And the meadows with blossoms white;
Blossoms of daises spilled by the moon
  From her silver boat one night.
Here cornflowers open their blue eyes wide,
  And poppies flirt with the sun;
While all of the grasses are glittering with gems
  That fairies from dewdrops have spun.
Ah, yes! there's a brook—it ripples and smiles,
  Past banks where the blue gentian peeps;
But the song that it sings to the violets, I ween,
  She deep in her little heart keeps.
Oh this is the lane that memory paints.
  Where love's fairest blossom grew;
For down by the stile I met a maid
  With eyes like the cornflower blue.
Her cheeks were flushed with the pink of the rose
  Her lips wore the poppy's red,
And sunbeams were playing at hide and seek
'Midst the curls on her golden head.
Lightly she tripped through the meadow sweet,
  And softly the breeze kissed her brow;
Then she laughed—and her laugh was the song of the brook—
  Methinks I can hear it now.
But alas for the passing of summer dreams,
  'We met and we parted for aye;
Now I walk alone—here in memory lane—
  While she rides on the world's highway.

—Agnes Lockhart Hughes, in the Boston Transcript.

A LITTLE BACHELOR GIRL

By Ernest De Beris-Hauser.

It was an ideal retreat, the coziest little cottage, with a lawn that was the material reproduction of one of the many rustic little nooks Lettie Mansfield had often pictured in her mind.

"How fortunate the impulse seized me before this place was let," she thought, as she diligently applied herself to the task of bringing order out of chaos, for as yet the appointments of her little home were in a hopeless jumble. "If the men keep bachelor's hall, when housekeeping is so utterly foreign to the poor things, why shouldn't a girl, who would be in her proper element? What an ideal home this would be, if—if there was a husband, and, by and by, little children. Oh, my! but I mustn't think of such things. The cooing of a sweet little baby will never supplant the clatter of the typewriter in my ears; I am quite sure of that. But—ah, well."

She had taken a framed inscription from the table, and mounting a chair she hung it on the wall. "All things take place by inevitable necessity."

"There is some consolation in that," she thought, "if one can only school one's self to believe it."

As Lettie had but little time at her command—in the morning before going to work, and in the evening on returning from it—she had not yet found the opportunity to bestow any attention on the exterior of the premises. The dense clusters of roses and lilac bushes trailing to the ground, and the rank vegetation and untrimmed shrubbery, though giving the place an air of solemn grandeur, also bespoke neglect, which was readily accounted for by a signboard nailed to one of the trees. This board the agent had neglected to remove, and it was to this remissness on his part that Lettie was indebted for an adventure, and the subsequent realization of her most cherished hopes.

As in Lettie's case, it was a sudden impulse that prompted Earl Stanford, artist, with a firm of lithographers, to seize his hat very abruptly one evening and betake himself to the suburbs of the city. He was tired of life at a hotel. He yearned for the privacy, the peace and comfort, of a home, and he determined that so far as it lay in his power he was going to enjoy them. He had this little cottage in mind as he started out, for he had frequently passed it and it had taken his fancy. If it was still to let he would take it, and secure board with some quiet family in the neighborhood.

Lettie had not yet returned. The shutters were closed, the sign was still there, and the solemn hush that pervaded the premises was broken only by the drowsy murmur of the insects on the lawn.

"Who owns this place?" Earl asked of a boy he found reaching over the fence to pluck a rose as he approached.

"The old Dutchman that lives in that big house on the hill," the boy answered, pointing to the mansion in question. "He's as rich as mud. He owns nearly all the houses out here. Most of the people that live in them work in his woolen mill, and he owns them, too. There he comes now," the boy added, as his eyes wandered up the street.

Earl turned and beheld a man of huge proportions, his ponderous form almost filling the entire seat, slowly approaching in a buggy.

Encouraged by his good natured countenance, Earl accosted him.

"Pardon me for troubling you," he said, "I was just looking at this cottage of yours. I know the proper person to apply to is the agent in charge, but perhaps——"

"The agent!" exclaimed the man in contempt, his ruddy face relaxing with a smile. "If you can find the agent, you can do more than I can. I been hunting him for an hour. You vunt the place?"

"I would like to rent it, provided we can agree on the terms."

Earl was beginning to suspect that the gentleman had been imbibing a little more beer than was good for him, though he certainly proved to be one of the most affable men he had ever met.

"Oh, we agree," he said. "Six dollar. If dot is too much, five dollar. Say, I let you haf it tree munt for nudding if you keep the veeds down. The place looks like it was full of coasts."

To Earl's eyes it looked as if it might be full of fairies.

"Shump in. I got a bunch of keys of the house. You can look at it. If it suits you, all right. If it don't suit you, all right, too."

Earl got into the buggy with him, which proved a very difficult thing to do, and being furnished with the keys he returned and entered the cottage. As he crossed the threshold he paused in dismay. That a vacant house should have such an elegant carpet on its hall struck him as strange, but after a moment's reflection he concluded that its former tenants had been people of wealth, who had occupied it as a temporary residence and had evidently discarded the carpet and left it on the floor. But as he entered one of the rooms, which proved to be Lettie's parlor, he was seized with consternation. Turning, he bolted back into the hall and out of the house, dashing plump into Lettie, who had just arrived.

He looked like a burglar and felt like one as he stood for an instant staring at the frightened girl with the ponderous bunch of keys dangling from his hand.

"I beg your pardon," he said. "This is certainly one of the most unfortunate and embarrassing situations I have even been in. And all on account of the lax business methods of a bear guzzling Dutchman. Though I feel like an ungrateful wretch to shift the entire responsibility on his shoulders, for he certainly was kinder to me than any man has ever been before."

Briefly explaining the situation to Lettie, he continued:

"If you will promise to have faith in me until I return, I will either bring the gentlemen with me, or his written statement——"

Lettie laughed.

"I will take your unsupported word," she said. "I knew there was some mistake, of course, but the shock of finding a man in my house unnerved me, and I am afraid I stared at you. I have seen you frequently at your place of business, and know you by name. I am employed at the dry goods store opposite. How imprudent the owner was to entrust that bunch of keys to a total stranger! You might have looted the entire neighborhood."

Again she laughed, and Earl's eyes lit up as they rested admiringly on her trim little figure, clad in a close-fittting gray dress, with a natty white hat tilted jauntily back on her head.

"May I come again some evening—just to talk to you over the fence?"

Lettie turned away her face.

"May I?"

"Yes, if you wish," she said.

Three months later her blissful dream of a home was realized.—Waverley Magazine.

KEPT VIGIL ONE HUNDRED HOURS.

Took the Responsibility of Passengers' Safety Into His Own Hands.

Captain George C. Apfeld, of the Atlantic liner Friesland, enveloped at sea by a fog that defied the keenest eyes to pierce stuck to the bridge of his big ship bound from Liverpool to Philadelphia, for 107 hours—five days and four nights—without a wink of sleep. Grateful passengers prepared a memorial to him upon their safe arrival.

Those aboard could see nothing ahead or astern. The great vessel, with 423 people aboard, was in the beaten track. A collision might mean death for all. "I'll stay here till it's over," said Apfeld to the executive officer, mounting the bridge.

There was little to do for the first few hours. At lunch time the cabin boy brought up a sandwich and a cup of coffee to the captain, who paced the bridge tirelessly, his ears eager to catch the sound of every whistle ahead or astern, to port or starboard. Night came and with it a denser fog. Still the captain stayed. His supper was served there on the bridge, while passengers and crew enjoyed theirs in the warmth and light below.

Midnight came; the fog was thicker than ever. Morning dawned. When the crew tumbled out at daybreak they found their captain still there.

And so the days and the nights passed. The officers begged the captain to snatch a bit of sleep.

"We can keep watch," they insisted.

"I know you can," said the captain, "but these lives are in my care, and I shall be responsible for them. I shall not leave the bridge until the fog lifts.

And Captain Apfeld kept his word. On Thursday night came the almost irresistible desire to sleep.

"Coffee; bring me some strong coffee," demanded the captain. "I must keep awake."

On Friday morning the captain's breakfast was served on the bridge—his fifth in succession. Dinner time, and still the fog; sandwiches and coffee again for the captain.

And still he paced the bridge with red-rimmed eyes and care-lined features. It was late afternoon. Suddenly a cheer from the lookout.

"The sun!" he cried. "The sun!"

Slowly the great curtain lifted. In the heavens was the setting sun. By its light the passengers could once more see the horizon and the dancing waters of the ocean.

"It is good," said Captain Apfeld.

Slowly he let himself down the ladder to the deck. Just ahead was his room and the inviting little bunk curtained by his wife's own hands in the whitest of lace. He flung himself down as he was and slept—for just two hours. Then he was on deck again, for it was night, and they were nearing land.

"Sleepy?" said the captain when interviewed. "Well it's a pretty long time from Monday morning to Friday night to go without a wink. If I had gone to my cabin I couldn't have slept anyway, with the thought that my ship was in any danger."

BANGKOK, FLOATING CITY.

"Made in Germany," a Legened Seen on Every Hand.

It is a strange, half floating city, this Bangkok, overrun by parish dogs and crows; Oriental despite its improvements, and one of the most interesting cities in the far East. Yet a sad city for the visitor with mind apart from the margins and money saving machinery. At every turning are evidences of decay of native art and in their stead the hideously commonplace things that bear the legend: "Made in Germany."

One would scarcely believe today, after a visit to Bangkok, that at one time the Siamese were distinguished even among the Asiatic artisans, in silk weaving in ceramics, in ivory carving and in silver smithing. Yet the royal museum discloses treasures not found elsewhere in the world, which serve to remind how far Siam has fallen from the place she once occupied among the art-producing nations of the world.

When, therefore, we behold a people discouraging and losing their splendid ancient arts, and giving instead a ready market to the cheap trash which comes out of the West, we may hardly look for native industrial development. The day is probably not far off when Siam's industries will depend upon foreign guidance; and if England, not France, supplies that impetus—the world will be the gainer.

By those people who delight in comparisons and read travelers' folders especially compiled for tourist consumption—Bangkok has been variously called the Constantinople of Asia and the Venice of the East. True, there is much pertinence in both comparisons. Certainly Bangkok is the home of the gaunt and ugly pariah dog, which spends its day foraging to keep life in its mangy carcass; multiplying meanwhile with the fecundity of cats in a tropical clime because the Buddha faith forbids its killing.

Nor are outcast dogs the only pests of Bangkok to grow numerous because of native religious prejudice; more noisy crows perch on an early morning on your window casing and the tree immediately beyond it than in the space of a day hover near the "Towers of Silence" at Bombay awaiting the pleasure of the vultures feeding on the earthly remains of one that has did in the faith of the Parsee.

Some people fancy Bangkok a city of islands; hence I suppose the comparison with Venice. Bangkok has, indeed, a very large floating population, and the city is intersected with many "klawngs" (canals); at certain times of the year, too, perhaps half of the city and the surrounding country is under a foot or more of tide-water. Yet the largest half of Bangkok's 400,0000 citizens lives on land, though the easiest means of travel throughout much of the city is by boat, and, in fact, half of it is reached in no other way.

The Siamese women of the lower class daily paddles her own canoe to the market; or, if of the better class, she goes in a "rua cang," the common passenger boat which, together with the jinrikisha, the land passenger carrier throughout the Orient, is included among the household possessions of every Siamese who can afford it.—Casper Whitney in Outing.

Green Diamond in South Africa.

Considerable interest, writes a correspondent, has been aroused in Johannesburg by the discovery on a mining property at Klerksdrop of a green diamond of about three-quarters of a carat. The gem had slipped into a crevice in the iron plates of the crushing mill, and was found during the dismantling of the mill to make room for a new stamp battery.

In 1893 over seventy similarly colored diamonds were found upon the same property. They had all slipped between the dies and escaped destruction. It is conjectured that many other green stones were crushed out of existence. For the first time since that date a Klerksdrop company proposes to resume operations on this particular ground, which contains both gold and diamonds.—Philadelphia Record.

COUNTESS CASSINI SHOPPING.

The daughter of the Russian Ambassador, the Countess Cassini, is an indefatigable shopper and is well known in all the stores in Washington. She delights in matching silks, selecting trimmings and looking for bargains—a feminine pastime most fashionable women leave to their dressmakers. The Countess is usually accompanied on her shopping expeditions by a voluble French maid, who renders her young mistress more or less conspicuous. She is never quite able to keep pace with the Countess, who flits from counter to counter, chatting enthusiastically about prices and fashions. The maid is always rushing about demanding of the clerks, "Where is ze Countess? Have you seen ze Countess—ze Countess Cassini?"

Then the clerks explain that the Countess has just left the counter, the floorwalker joins in the pursuit, and there is something of a commotion in the crowded department store, which is altogether pleasing to the general public.—Pictorial Review.

THE MODERN TEA TABLE.

Nothing is more conducive to cosy chats, pleasant friendship and agreeable hours than the modern tea table—a necessity in the smart home, and Parisian women vie with each other in their efforts to have the prettiest tables. The newest tables have tiny plateaux, which let down on all sides. A glass trap protects them from the scratching of the cups and plates. Such tables are embellished with bronze ornaments, and are in cherry, maple or walnut, varnished to a high degree.

Beautiful little cloths are used upon them, embroidered in marvelous designs. The napkins match the cloth, but each is different. Gray colors are quite en regale for the tea table. Fine Venetian lace cloths are often spread over the glass-covered tea tables, as the effect is exceedingly pretty and novel.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.

That wonderful woman, Miss Florence Nightingale, recently celebrated her eighty-fourth birthday, and her world-wide admirers will be glad to hear that the veteran philantropist is still able to take the most active interest in the works of charity which specially appeal to her. Miss Nightingale belongs to the generation of women who shunned publicity, however notable their work made them, and it is because she has lived so retired a life that few people realize that she is still alive. As a matter of fact, Miss Nightingale bears her weight of years very lightly, and works every morning with her private secretary far more energetically than many women half her age.—The Ladies' Pictorial.

BRUSHING THE TEETH.

This is a very important point in the training of children. See that they brush their teeth at least night and morning, and if you add a good tooth wash to the water you will guard against decay. The brush should be soft. The mouth may frequently be rinsed with the wash.

Children are likely to be careless in this regard, and it is only through the perseverance of the parent that success is likely to be attained. No sight is prettier than a row of beautiful white teeth in a child's mouth; and surely it will be no less wholesome a sight to view his well cared for teeth when he is grown. For the habit gained in youth will cling to him.

A VARIED PROGRAM.

A luncheon at which the club color of lavender was used was the annual social gathering of one of the oldest and best known of women's clubs. Low baskets of lavender flowers ornamented the tables and the candles were lavender set in silver candelabra and candlesticks. A program of the toasts with the club monogram in gold was placed at each plate. The toast list was "One Year Ago," "Today;" "The Contemporary Poet;" "The Undercurrent of Poetry in Contemporary Life;" "Contemporary Poetry;" reading of a group of original poems by a club member; "A Song;" "A Sonnet," and "A Life Between."—What to Eat.

QUAINT COLLAR OF VELVET.

A quaint fashion has been observed at recent evening functions, that of wearing a collar of colored velvet or satin trimmed with lace and jewels with a low cut gown. Sometimes the collar matches the gown, but they are oftener black or white. For example, a rose-colored velvet collar was worn with a white lace gown, and a turquois blue velvet collar with a black dress made over a turquoise blue slip. Perhaps they give a sort of sore throat effect, but they are becoming and different—two good excuses for existing.

COLORED HANDKERCHIEFS.

Colored handkerchiefs and white ones with colored borders are the correct thing for use with shirt-waist suits. These come in softest mulls and linens, in pale lavenders, blues, pinks, yellows, and even in reds. They are scalloped, hemstitched and laced-edged in fast colors. All sorts of floral fancies are carried out in these mouchoirs, but the preference is for small flowers like forget-me-nots, daisies, and wild roses. These are embroidered in mercerized floss, which looks like silk in the natural colors.

PRINCESS OF WALES EXAMPLE.

The Princess of Wales has done a gracious thing by ordering dress goods from Bradford manufactories, thereby setting the fashion for Bradford fabrics, for in England that is all that is necessary; all women will buy what the royal lady does.

FASHION NOTES.

Blouses of Tuscan and fishnet in white and ecru shades, are exceedingly popular. They are worn over self color or contrasting linings.

In contrast to the conventional bridal robe of satin are the gowns of silk muslin or chiffon, or an entire lace robe, worn over several layers of chiffon with a lace train. At some recent weddings all the bridesmaids wore gowns of lace.

Buttons are an epidemic in Paris just now. Not content with sewing them all over one's frock, the couturieres besprinkle hat and even parasol.

Charming linen gowns and rough and smooth canvases and flannels are made up for yachting with long cloaks lined with some delicate shade of satin.

Rough finished pongees are much sought by fashionable women, particularly in the delicate shades such as pastel blue, heliotrope, reseda, biscuit and oyster white.

A Paris fashion note reads: "An attractive and new type of waist is loose but without bulge. It is constructed over a fitting lining. Arrange in flat folds, one inch wide at the waist and throat, the greater breadth of the figure across the bosom stretches the material and causes it to set flat and fit at this point. The sleeve is cut in the same manner, having folds at the waist and on the shoulder, the intervening space being left free.

First of all a small maid at the shore should have plenty of dresses for both morning and afternoon. Hollands and strong linens in substantial colors are best for morning hours, with white linens and piques for Sunday and extra occasions. Some frocks of flannel or wool should also be included for a possible cool day.

The hat the little ones should wear at the shore should be plain. A big duck hat, with stitched brim and flapping edge; or a rolling sailor, with silk scarf draped around the crown, would be suitable.

To accompany her fine frocks the little lady at the beach should have a lingerie hat of lace or embroidery, with ribbon bands and bows that can be slipped on or off, so that they may be changed to match the ribbons on her dresses.

A clever idea for the fastening of an embroidered collar to a coat is to place a button midway on each shoulder. There is a buttonhole at the same place on the linen and one in a strap coming down from the small turn-over collar.

Waders will be found exceedingly useful. These are rubber bloomers that can be drawn over the other clothing.

A German View of the United State

It is proverbially useful to see ourselves as others see us, provided, of course, the eyes of the onlooker have had adequate opportunities of observation, and provided, also, of course, he has sufficient intellect to turn the opportunities to account. Some of the conditions are satisfied in an article contributed to a British periodical by a learned and intelligent German Dr. Emil Reich, LL. D. The impressions which he derived from five unbroken years of sojourn in the United States are worth noting, because, while discriminating, incisive, and sometimes unflattering, they are by no means always unsympathetic. He recognizes frankly that America has realized ideals, moral and social, which European nations have in vain endeavored to attain. Dr. Reich lived here long enough to see that many of the popular myths which in Europe are substituted for an accurate knowledge of American character are hopelessly incorrect. He picks out as the most characteristic and the most ill founded of the current legends attaching to the fictitious American type the legend of the almighty dollar. He willingly testifies that nothing could be further from the truth than the supposition accepted in Europe that in the American type the five senses are concentrated in a sense for dollar grabbing. Years of residence on this side of the Atlantic have convinced him, he says, that while America is no doubt the country where most money is earned by the individual, it is probably the country where the least value is really attributed to money.—Harper's Weekly.

HOW TO WHITEN PIANO KEYS.

To whiten piano keys, wash them with a strong solution of nitric acid to an ounce of soft water. Use a piece of soft cheese cloth to wash the keys, being careful not to let the solution run down between them.

Whitening or prepared chalk mixed with lemon juice is an excellent polish to apply while the keys are moist. Badly discolored keys can only be remedied by calling in a careful workman.

THE CHAFING DISH CABINET.

The chafing dish now has a cabinet all to itself. It is a pretty little straight legged affair, in three stories. Part of the lower story is occupied by a cabinet, with a tile inserted in the door by way of decoration. The second story, on which the chafing dish is supposed to stand, has a copper plate inserted in the centre for the dish, and underneath the whole runs a shallow drawer. The third or top story is simply two little side pieces or brackets somewhat reminiscent of the wings that used to spring from the sides of the old fashioned "what not"—peace to its ashes!

HOW TO WASH CHAMOIS.

Not every housewife knows how to wash chamois leather so as to make it as soft and good as new. First prepare a weak solution of ordinary washing soda and water, wet the leather with this, and rub into it plenty of white curd soap. Leave the leather lying in this for two hours, then rub it between the hands till it is quite clean. Rinse the leather in a fresh weak solution of soda and water, to which has been added a little soap. It is rinsing leather in pure water that renders it hard. The small particles of soap in the water impart to it a silky softness. Finally, wring the chamois in a rough towel and hang it where it can dry quickly, pulling and brushing it well as it dries.

KNOCKERS FOR BEDROOM DOORS.

No late comers to breakfast will be able to make excuse that "they did not hear themselves called" in the future, and housemaids' knuckles will escape a sore trial at the hands of unwilling risers, for door knockers are now fastened to up to date bedroom doors, says the London Daily Mail.

They are not only exceedingly useful, but very quaint and ornamental, being exact replicas in brass in a smaller size of the famous Durham Sanctuary knocker.

This knocker with its gargoyle head dates from the Norman times, when it was the privilege of the church to protect fugitives at her portals. The fugitive had only to knock, and at any hour of the day or night the door would be opened to him by the porter who dwelt in rooms above.

USES OF SOUR MILK AND CREAM.

Cake, biscuits, cornbread and many things of a similar nature are more tender and moist if made of sour cream or milk and soda than of sweet milk and baking powder (or its equivalent—a mixture of soda and cream of tartar). The mistake that many cooks make is to add too much soda. Just enough should be added to counteract the acidity of the milk, the sourer the milk the more soda necessary.

Cream or milk that has just turned to a jellylike curd should have a rather scant measure of soda, while milk that has stood two or three days in a moderately warm place should have an even measure.

Sour milk that has stood long enough to acquire a bitter or mouldy taste is unfit for use and should be thrown away. While it is not desirable to use much soda, the other extreme must also be avoided. Too little soda with some milk will leave the cake or bread heavy and sour in flavor. It takes a great deal of nice discrimination sometimes to decide the exact amount of soda needed. Milk that has a sour taste but has not yet loppered requires a little cream of tartar, and should be used as sweet milk is, adding a very little more soda and a very little less cream of tartar.

In all recipes where sweet milk is required a rather scant half teaspoonful of soda should be used to every somewhat round teaspoonful of cream of tartar. In making biscuit with milk that has a sour taste, but has not loppered, a liberal half teaspoonful of soda is necessary to every scant or even teaspoonful of cream of tartar. Biscuits made with the morning's milk that has ungraciously begun to "turn" (if this rule is followed) are especially nice and tender. An ordinary cake is often improved in the same way.—New York Tribune.

RECIPES.

Brunswick Toast.—For Brunswick toast use small bits of bread—white, graham or brown bread will answer, or a mixture of all. Butter rather thickly all the little pieces, place in an earthen pan with bits of butter among the bread. Salt a little and cover with milk. Let boil, then serve hot. A nice way to use small pieces of bread.

Frozen Ardsley Salad.—This salad is said to be new and delicious. It is made this way, according to Harper's Bazar: Mix well four cream cheeses with a glass of red currant Bar-le-Duc. Press into small mouds, pack in empty ice cream bricks, and bury in ice and salt for four hours. Turn out on lettuce hearts and cover with French dressing.

CHIEF OF POLICE SAVED.

Newberry, S. C.—W. H. Harris, Chief of Police of Newberry, says: "I suffered for a number of years with kidney complaint. There was a dull aching across the small of my back that was worse at night and made me feel miserable all the time. The kidney secretions were dark and full of sediment, and lack of control compelled me to rise a number of times during the night. Between this annoyance and the backache it was impossible for me to get much sleep and my health was being undermined. I tried a number of remedies, but nothing helped me until I got Doan's Kidney Pills. The use of this remedy according to directions promptly brought about a change for the better. After using two boxes the backache all left me, the kidney secretions cleared up and the action of the kidneys became normal."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Chief Harris will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers; price, fifty cents per box.

DOCTORS MOVE GIRL'S HEART.

Organ Restored to Normal Condition Though Shifted Six Inches.

Annie Riley, a 13-year-old daughter of James Riley of Dickson City, Pa., became ill with pleurisy about a year ago. The family physician found the whole left side of the child's body over the lungs bloated. He removed the matter and the girl began to get well. Soon, however, a second gathering appeared, which decayed the ribs on the left side. During this second illness the girl's heart moved over to the right side some six inches from its proper position.

The girl was taken to a hospital, where physicians found it necessary to remove four whole ribs and parts of four others.

The physicians restored the heart to its natural position, but the operation left the child weak and for two weeks she was in a dangerous position, but now it is believed she will recover.

Japan vs. Russia.

It is well known that Japan is a very small country as compared with the Russian empire. Its area is 147,000 square miles, while Russia has 3,000,000. In population the disparity is much less, but still very great—44,000,000 for Japan against 129,000,000 for the Russian Empire.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Our Life Saving Service.

So effective is the life-saving service of the United States that from disasters to 246 documented vessels on the coast during the year, having 3862 persons on board, only twenty lives were lost, and of the $9,000,000 worth of property put in jeopardy but a little more than $1,000,000 was lost.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Gunnery practice at Newport has frightened away the fish.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has a equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The mortality rate from cancer has trebled in Germany since 1875.

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

A Household Remedy Cures SCROFULA, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA, every form of malignant SKIN ERUPTION, besides being efficacious in toning up the system and restoring the constitution, when impaired from any cause. It is a fine Tonic, and its almost supernatural healing properties justify us in guaranteeing a cure of all blood diseases, if directions are followed.

Price, $1 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for $5.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.

SENT FREE BOOK OF WONDERFUL CURES, together with valuable information. BLOOD BALM CO., ATLANTA, GA.

DR. WOOLLEY'S
OPIUM AND WHISKY
ANTIDOTE
Will cure permanently at your own home.

Mr. T. M. Brown, of DeQueen, Ark., says: "Over seven years ago I was cured of the opium habit by your medicine, and have continued in the very best of health since."

Mr. W. M. Tunstall, of Lovingston, Va., says: "I am glad to say that I firmly believe that I am entirely and permanently cured of the Drink Habit, as I have never even so much as wanted a drink in any form since I took your eradicator, now 18 months ago. It was the best money I ever invested."

Mrs. Virginia Townsend, of Shreveport, La., writes: "No more opium. I have taken no other remedy than yours, and I make no mistake when I say that my health is better now than it ever was in my life, and I owe it to you and your remedy. It has been twelve years since I was cured by your treatment."

Dr. Woolley has thousands of such testimonials, with permission to use them. A treatment with so many recommendations from Physicians and cured patients must be good.

Dr. Woolley's Antidote has imitators, (as all good articles have)—perhaps you have tried some of them, but there is nothing like Woolley's. It has stood the test of thirty years. No man or woman who uses opium or whisky in any form, or who has friends so afflicted should hesitate to write to

DR. B. M. WOOLLEY,
106 North Pryor Street, Atlanta, Ga.,
for his book on these diseases, which he will send free and confidential.

NoMoreBlindHorses For Specific Ophthalmia Moon Blindness & other Sore Eyes, Barry Co., Iowa City, Ia., have a sure cure

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

Arbitrators awarded $1800 to Mrs. Rose Schmitt, of Altoona, for the death of her son, John Gehl, aged 15, who was shot and killed on November 3, 1902, while peering in the windows at the home of Mrs. Rachel Brode, aged 65, a wealthy widow, to see her dance. One of the guests shot a revolver to disperse the crowd of boys and Gehl fell mortally wounded. Mrs. Brode and two guests, Blair and Blaine Dodson, were convicted of manslaughter, and then suit was entered against Mrs. Brode for $20,000 damages. The arbitrators decided that between 15 and 21 a boy's earning capacity is not more than $300 annually.

The decrease of coal and coke tonnage on the Pennsylvania Railroad east of Pittsburg this year, as compared with last, is shown by the official figures to be much less than had previously been reported. It amounts to only about 5 per cent. In the year to July 23, 22,054,780 tons were shipped, while the year to July 25, 1903 showed 23,658,939.

Undaunted by the fact that a Citizens' Protective Association has just been organized in the town, robbers invaded Gap and broke into several places. At James C. Hurley's hotel they stole liquor from the barroom but the proprietor's bulldog compelled them to depart. Curl's restaurant was also raided. At several other places attempts to enter were made, but the intruders were frightened away.

The suspension of the forty-three collieries of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company from Saturday to August 8 brings no surprise to the people of the anthracite region, because of the over-production of coal. The company has no place to store the surplus coal save at the collieries, the enlarged storage bins at Schuylkill Haven having contained 800,000 tons two weeks ago. The suspension is welcomed by many miners and their families because they can now devote their entire energies to picking berries. Millions of quarts of berries are shipped to New York, Boston and Philadelphia markets.

A double tragedy at Lancaster ended the brief and unhappy married life of James Good, a machinist aged 26 years, and his child wife Ella, aged 17. They were married two years ago, and the jealousy of Good led to almost constant quarrels. Ten days ago they separated. Mrs. Good attended a picnic at Rocky Springs, a suburban resort. By threatening to shoot her Good compelled his wife to return to their home. Once there, he asked her if she intended to live with him, and without waiting for her reply shot her in the brain and heart. Then he sent a bullet into his own brain, dying instantly. Mrs. Good died an hour later.

What is believed to have been murder by means of dynamite occurred about midnight in "Little Italy," Reading. Michael Amoreo sleeping peacefully after a day's work was sent to death by a terrific explosion which shattered every bone in his body and ripped to pieces the entire side of his house. The explosion arousel sleepers for a mile around. Rescuers were soon on the scene and after digging through the debris found Mrs. Amoreo, the wife, and three children imprisoned in their bedroom. The body of the husband was recovered later. Investigation showed that dynamite had been placed directly beneath Amoreo's bed.

Policeman Calvert Cardwell arrested a horse belonging to Mrs. J. G. Milbourne, wife of a prominent business man of Chester, and was taking the stray animal, which he captured on Senator Sproul's farm, to the pound, when Mrs. Milbourne followed him and stopped the horse after slapping Cardwell, it is alleged in the face. She was arraigned later before Alderman Stockman, who held her under $300 bail for court on the charge of interfering with an officer.

The will of Abner McKinley, brother of the late President, has been probated at Somerset. The instrument does not indicate the value of the estate, but the bulk of it is bequeathed to his widow and his daughter, Mrs. Mabel McKinley Baer. An expenditure of $5000 is ordered for a suitable monument in the family burial plot at Canton, Ohio.

Yielding to the pleadings of his children, Simon Moleski, of Minersville refused to kill his dog, a family pet even though a jury declared the animal a menace. Monday Judge Bechtel announced in court that if Moleski does not kill the dog by September 5, he must appear for sentence. Moleski's friends declare he will serve a term in jail rather than kill the pet.

The residence of Henry Worth, of Hatboro, was entered by thieves and thoroughly ransacked. Most of $1c they secured was from a child's savings bank. The same evening the residence of Mrs. Samuel Haugh was entered and the burglars, failing to get money tore up carpets and upset the furniture. At the home of J. R. Beatty, on Byberry Road, they were met with revolver shots and fled in haste.

An ordinance prescribing a penalty for speeding automobiles in the city limits, offered in Lebanon Councils, has aroused the owners of motor carriages, and an organized effort will be made to kill the bill. The Berks and Dauphin turnpike has long been a popular track for the exciting sport and swiftly moving autos have several times endangered life while passing through the town.

Death was the intruder into a circle of a dozen boys engaged in playing at Coal Castle, a mining village near Pottsville. The youngsters had built a dam for a swimming pool. To construct the breast they excavated beneath the roots of an old pine tree and unwittingly loosened its hold on the soil. Their task finished, the boys were seated upon the newly built breast, when the tree fell. The trunk struck William Toban, aged 13, on the head, crushing his skull. He died almost instantly. The others were severely bruised by the branches striking them.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Company's Weekly Review of Trade says:

Encouraging factors predominate. Little definite increase is seen in the distribution of merchandise, but developments of the past week promise better things in the near future. The most important influence for good is the brighter crop prospect. For the present the best news comes from the large cities, where warm weather has stimulated retail trade in light weight fabrics and jobbers report that orders from agricultural communities are much better than from manufacturing centers. There are still many complaints of slow collections.

It is gratifying to note in despatches from iron and steel-making centers that the decline in quotations has ceased and consumers are making inquiries which promise to result in considerable business. Insofar as actual contracts are concerned, the past week was probably the dullest thus far this year, yet the tone appears to be distinctly better and signs of growing confidence are most encouraging after the long period in which caution and conservatism were the chief sentiments. Moderate contracts for railway bridges and other structural work are being placed, but merchant steel and kindred lines are very quiet.

Faliures for the week numbered 231 in the United States, against 191 last year, and 20 in Canada, compared with 19 a year ago.

Bradstreet's says:—

Wheat, including flour exports for the week ending July 21 aggregate 1,281,501 bushels, against 1,412,495 last week, 2,781,988 this week last year 3,980,969 in 1902 and 6,974,526 in 1901. From July 1 to date the exports aggregate 3,572,909 bushels, against 8,815,182 last year, 12,161,306 in 1902 and 17,212,555 in 1901. Corn exports for the week aggregate 706,647 bushels, against 574,929 last week, 1,501,338 a year ago, 79,611 in 1902 and 1,155,276 in 1901. From July 1 to date the exports of corn aggregated 1,894,700 bushels, against 4,428,826 in 1903 395,321 in 1902, and 5,670,085 in 1901.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore, Md.—FLOUR—Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 3,403 barrels; exports, 117 barrels.

WHEAT—Easier; spot, contract 87½@87¾; spot No. 2 red Western 87½@87¾; July, 87¼@87½; August 87¼@87½; September, 88¼@88⅝; December, 89; steamer No. 2 red, 80½.

CORN—Easier; spot, 52@52¼; July 52@52¼; August, 52@52¼; September, 52¼@52½; steamer mixed, 49½@49¾.

OATS—Firmer; No. 2 white, 47@47½; No. 2 mixed, 44@44½.

RYE—Easier; No. 2 Western, 70.

BUTER—Steady, unchanged; fancy imitation, 17@18; fancy creamery, 19; fancy ladel, 14@15; store-packed, 11@12.

EGGS—Firm, unchanged; 18.

CHEESE—Quiet, unchanged; large 8¾@9; medium, 9@9¼; small, 9¼@9⅜.

New York.—WHEAT—Receipts and exports none. Spot easy. No. 2 red nominal elevator; No. 2 red, 1.0; nominal f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 1.09½ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba nominal f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—No. 2, 55 elevator and 54¼ f. o b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 56½; No 2 white, 55½. Options market was exceedingly dull all day, but rallied near the close, and was finally ⅛@¼ net higher.

OATS—Mixed oats, 26 to 32 pounds, 43@45; natural white 30 to 32 pounds 46@47; clipped white 36 to 40 pounds, 47½@51.

New York.—FLOUR—Receipts 17,259 barrels; exports, 18,867 barrels. Steady but inactive. Winter straights, 4.50@4.75.

CUT MEATS—Firm. Pickled bellies, 9@10½; pickled hams, 10½@11½.

COTTONSEED OIL—Steady; prime yellow, 28¼@28½.

BUTTER—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 4,482.

CHEESE—Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 4,616.

EGGS—Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 8,192.

POTATOES—Firm; Long Island, in bulk, per 180 pounds, 1.50@2.00; Jersey, prime, per barrel, 1.50@1.75; Norfolk, prime, per barrel, 1.50@2.00; Southern sweets, per basket, 4.00@4.50.

CABBAGES—Dull; Long Island and Jersey, per 100, 1.00@2.00; per barrel, 25@50.

Live Stock.

Chicago.—CATTLE—Good to prime steers, 5.40@6.35; poor to medium, 4.50@5.25; stockers and feeders, 2.00@4.00; cows, 1.50@3.30; heifers, 2.00@5.50; canners, 1.50@2.60; bulls, 2.00@4.10; calves, 2.50@6.85; Texas-fed steers, 3.00@4.75.

HOGS.—Mixed and butchers', 5.15@5.45; good to choice, heavy, 5.25@5.45; rough heavy, 5.00@5.20; light, 5.10@5.40; bulk of sales, 5.25@5.35.

SHEEP—Good to choice wethers, 4.00@4.25;; fair to choice mixed, 3.00@4.00; native lambs, 4.00@7.50.

New York.—BEEVES—Steers slow and 10@15c lower; bulls, steady; beef cows, 10@15c lower; others, steady. Steers sold at 4.00@5.85; extra, at 5.10; oxen and stags, 3.80 to 5.00.

CALVES—Choice veals 25c to 50c higher; others steady. Veals sold at 4.00 to 7.00; buttermilks, 3.00 to 3.25; city dressed veals slow, at 9½@12c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Choice fresh lambs about steady; others, 25c to 35c lower; sheep, 25c lower. Sheep sold at 2.50@4.25; common to prime lambs, 4.00 to 6.85; one car at 6.90; nothing very choice on sale.

HOGS—Prime State and Pennsylvania hogs selling at 5.90 to 6.00 per 100 pound; mixed Western, at 5.05 to 5.30.

WORLD OF LABOR.

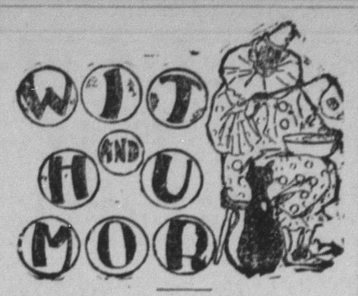
Railroad salaries in Japan average about $12.50 a month.

Twenty-two Sacramento (Cal.) unions have joined the State Federation the past three weeks.

Colliers are opposing the out-of work fund in Rhondda (Wales) district.

Railroad Telegraphers' Union initiated 12,777 new members last month.

The union label will now appear on all advertising issued by the Buffalo (N. Y.) office of the Grand Trunk.



A TROUBLESOME BOY.

Two modern fathers once were deep
  Comparing notes on sons,
The worry they had caused their sires
  With horses, boats and guns;
They each retailed the money which
  Their escapades had lost them,
And sighed to think of sleepless nights
  Those thankless lads had cost them.

Just then Dame Venus happened to
  Be passing and to hear;
"Ah, friends," she said, "you do not know
  Whereof you speak, I fear;
I have a son who shoots no guns,
  But just a bow and arrow,
And yet the damages I've had
  To pay would freeze your marrow!"
—William Wallace Whitelock, in The Criterion.

SUPERIOR STRATEGY.

She—So you think that men are smarter than women, do you?

He—Some men, but not all.

She—Well, what men are smarter?

He—Old bachelors.—Illustrated Bits.

ON THE JUMP.

"That fellow is a most remarkable runner."

"Who? Burroughs?"

"Yes. He's always running in debt and yet he's forever running away from the people to whom he is in debt."—Philadelphia Press.

HE KNEW THE ANSWER.

Teacher—Now, Tommy, if you had twelve plums and your little brother asked you for one-half of them, how many would you have left?

Tommy (promptly)—Twelve!—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

EASY TO SEE THAT.

"Will you direct me to Farmer Skinner's house" asked the newly arrived summer boarder.

"I will if ye want me to," replied the station lounger.

"I shall have to ask you for explicit directions because I've never been there before."

"Gosh! I know that, seein' ye're determined to go there now."—Philadelphia Press.

REMOTE AND SAFE.

Brown—Gracious, Jones is slow.

Smith—Yes, he'd be a good fellow to send to the North Pole.

Brown—I don't see the connection.

Smith—Why, as long as anybody was left to ask him questions about his plans, he'd never get out of town.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

JUST HIS IMAGINATION.

"Julia," her father called from the head of the stairs.

"Yes, father."

"Did I hear a smack down there just now."

"If you did you're a wonder. I've been listening for one all evening, but without results."—Chicago Record-Herald.

WOULDN'T BELIEVE IT.

"Bliggins is a good fellw, but he lacks tact."

"What has he been doing now?"

"Trying to tell a Russian to whom I introduced him that old story about the Japanese being the politest people on earth."—Washington Star.

TOO IMPETUOUS.

"Ah!" he cried, "now that we're engaged, let me press you to my heart in——"

"Dont lose yourself,' said the summer girl, pushing him away, "this is no pressing engagement."—Philadelphia Press.

JUVENILE HAPPINESS.

"Did you boys have a good time at your bonfire, Johnny?"

"You bet we did. We burnt a backyard fence, half a dozen piano boxes, an' the most of old Squilligan's smokehouse, an' had a be-yootiful run when the police got after us."—Chicago Tribune.

THE VERY LATEST.

"Have you heard about the latest insurance company?

"No, what is it?"

"Why, it's one that promises to pay alimony to both parties in case the marriage proves a failure."—Detroit Free Press.

INSUFFICIENT CAUSE.

"There, mamma, I don't believe that your friend, Mrs. Newly, was to the manner born."

"Hush, dear. She's worth three millions in her own right."

"That's hardly enough to justify a woman in trying to eat soft boiled eggs with a fork."—Detroit Free Press.

CHANGED CONDITIONS.

"I'll bet you don't hold your wife on your knee as much now as when you were first married," sneered the old bachelor.

"Well," replied the man who had been paying the freight bills for nearly a year, "to tell the honest truth, she sits on me rather more now than she did then."—Chicago News.

Mrs. Anderson, a prominent society woman of Jacksonville, Fla., daughter of Recorder of Deeds, West, who witnessed her signature to the following letter, praises **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—There are but few wives and mothers who have not at times endured agonies and such pain as only women know. I wish such women knew the value of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** It is a remarkable medicine, different in action from any I ever knew and thoroughly reliable.

"I have seen cases where women doctored for years without permanent benefit, who were cured in less than three months after taking your Vegetable Compound, while others who were chronic and incurable came out cured, happy, and in perfect health after a thorough treatment with this medicine. I have never used it myself without gaining great benefit. A few doses restores my strength and appetite, and tones up the entire system. Your medicine has been tried and found true, hence I fully endorse it."—MRS. R. A. ANDERSON, 225 Washington St., Jacksonville, Fla.

Mrs. Reed, 2425 E. Cumberland St., Philadelphia, Pa., says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to write and tell you the good I have received from **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"I have been a great sufferer with female trouble, trying different doctors and medicines with no benefit. Two years ago I went under an operation, and it left me in a very weak condition. I had stomach trouble, backache, headache, palpitation of the heart, and was very nervous; in fact, I ached all over. I find yours is the only medicine that reaches such troubles, and would cheerfully recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to all suffering women."

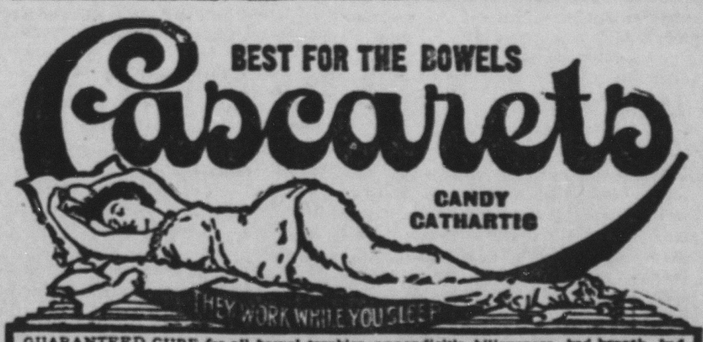
When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles.

The experience and testimony of some of the most noted women of America go to prove, beyond a question, that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all such trouble at once by removing the cause and restoring the organs to a healthy and normal condition. If in doubt, write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass, as thousands do. Her advice is free and helpful.

No other medicine for women in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles. Refuse to buy any substitute.

$5000 FORFEIT If we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

WINCHESTER

'NEW RIVAL" BLACK POWDER SHELLS.

It's the thoroughly modern and scientific system of loading and the use of only the best materials which make Winchester Factory Loaded "New Rival" Shells give better pattern, penetration and more uniform results generally than any other shells. The special paper and the Winchester patent corrugated head used in making "New Rival" shells give them strength to withstand reloading.

BE SURE TO GET WINCHESTER MAKE OF SHELLS.

PENSION FOR AGE.
A new order will give pension for age. Write to us at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. NO PENSION NO PAY.
Address
THE W. H. WILLS COMPANY,
Wills Building, 813 Ind. Ave., Washington, D. C.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS

Here It Is!

Want to learn all about a Horse? How to Pick Out a Good One? Know Imperfections and so Guard against Fraud? Detect Disease and Effect a Cure when same is possible? Tell the Age by the Teeth? What to call the Different Parts of the Animal? How to Shoe a Horse Properly? All this and other Valuable Information can be obtained by reading our 100-PAGE ILLUSTRATED HORSE BOOK, which we will forward, postpaid, on receipt of only 25 cents in stamps.

BOOK PUB. HOUSE,
134 Leonard St., N. Y. City.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1904.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900: when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: "00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

For President:
ALTON B. PARKER, New York.

For Vice-President:
HENRY G. DAVIS, West Virginia.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Justice of Supreme Court:
SAMUEL GUSTINE THOMPSON, Philada.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For President Judge:
ELLIS L. ORVIS, Esq., of Bellefonte.
For Assembly:
J. W. KEPLER, of Ferguson.
JOHN NOLL, of Bellefonte.
For Prothonotary:
ARTHUR B. KIMPORT, of Harris.
For District Attorney:
W. G. RUNKLE, of Bellefonte.
For County Surveyor:
J. H. WETZEL, of Bellefonte.

Spring Mills.

J. W. Hazel, lately employed in Philadelphia, is spending some time at his home here.

Mrs. Charles Heckman, of Lamar, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Grace, spent Sunday at the home of T. M. Gramley, her brother. They were present at the dinner party given Saturday in honor of Mr. Gramley's birthday.

F. W. E. Snyder, wife and two children, of Laurelton, are circulating among friends and relatives here.

Miss Anna Sowers, who for the last year has been employed in the Quaker City, returned to her home for a vacation.

Miss Mabel Allison had as her guests last week, Misses Catherine McCart, and Zaidee Metzger, both of Williamsport.

Many of the ladies and children (men were excluded) of this place, had quite an interesting picnic in C. P. Long's park last Wednesday.

Mrs. H. S. Braucht entertained last week, Mrs. Diehl and Miss Kiefer, of Pittsburg, and Miss Joe Condo, of Howard.

Ellis Shaeffer and friend spent Sunday at the home of J. W. Hazel.

Mrs. G. W. McIlnay and little daughter left on Monday for an extended visit to the former's parents, in Fulton county. Rev. McIlnay, accompanied them to their destination, returning however on Tuesday.

Woodward.

The base ball club will hold a festival at this place Saturday.

Mrs. Jane Decker, of Aaronsburg, is visiting her brothers and sister this week.

Charles Hosterman, Jr., of Buffalo, N. Y., returned to his home Tuesday.

Edgar Reffner is visiting his brother Walter.

Wm. Guisewite and family, from the west, are visiting friends at this place.

After spending a week with his aunt, Mrs. Wolfe, Nedson Keller departed for his home at Linden Hall on Saturday.

Mrs. Gephart, Mrs. Gentzel and Mrs. Bowersox attended a picnic above Coburn on Saturday.

Miss Laura Hutchison left for her home in Lewisburg last Saturday.

Florence Yearick and Mabel Wolfe went to Coburn Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Frank Yearick and grand-son Maurice are both ill with fever.

Fisher Motz, after visiting his mother, left for his place of business at Monessen, one day last week.

Mrs. Maranda Motz is again abte to sit up.

Israel Runkle, a painter, visited with his family on Sunday.

Miss Kate Barner, who had been employed by Mr. Breon, at Coburn, returned home last week.

Colyer.

John Zerby, of this place, put a new roof on his barn; the carpenter work was done by Mr. Zerby and his son Wm. and is a good job.

Frank Brown is unable to work owing to a sore leg; all hope for his speedy recovery.

Frank McClellan, of Illinois, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Joseph McClellan, of this place.

Miss Annie Grenninger has taken up her residence at the home of Mrs. Susan Long.

Miss Mary Moyer is spending a week visiting friends at Milroy.

Arthur Holderman, of Yeagertown, spent Sunday visiting friends at this place.

George Jordan and daughter Mary moved their household goods to the home of Wm. Boal.

Mr. and Mrs. Ammon Bubb spent Sunday at the home of P. S. Boal.

Rebersburg.

Victor Walker, of Ohio, is at present visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Walker, at this place.

Floyd Bowersox and family, of Spring Mills, spent Saturday and Sunday at this place.

Merchant J. W. Harter has the painters busily engaged in applying a new coat of paint to his store house.

Some farmers are already raising potatoes on account of rot.

Mrs. C. O. Mallery, of New Berlin, is spending a few days at this place visiting relatives.

George Weber and family, of Lock Haven, are visiting friends and relatives here.

Orvis Frank spent several days last week in Centre Hall.

Forest Emerick and family, who spent several days at this place visiting friends and relatives, returned to their home in Punxsutawney.

George Krumrine, who spent several months at St. Louis, returned home to this place.

Mrs. Bair Smith, of Danville, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. John Breon, in this place.

Charles Spangler and Mrs. Kate Bird, of Nebraska; Miss Agnes Spangler, of Illinois, and Rev. Ira Spangler, of Baltimore, were called home last week on account of the serious illness of their mother, Mrs. Jonathan Spangler.

The Rebersburg and Aaronsburg base ball teams crossed bats on the Rebersburg field, which resulted in a defeat for the home team. Indications point that when the Rebersburg team foresaw defeat, one of its members endeavored to start a quarrel, break up the game and thus save the loss of the game. The coolheadedness of the Aaronsburg umpire prevented the mouthing to come to blows.

Pine Stump.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Lutz visited at Houserville on Sunday, at the home of the latter's mother, Mrs. Stover.

John Stover and family, of Houserville, visited at the home of Aaron Lutz on Tuesday.

Miss Lula Dubbs, of Nittany Mountain, visited at the home of Mrs. Henry Houser on Tuesday.

C. B. Houser and Henry Houser made a business trip to Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Mr. Stover, of Centre Hill, called on his daughter, Mrs. Irvin Burris, last week.

Miss Sallie Burris, of Axemann, visited her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Burris, over Sunday.

Miss Everhart, of Lewisburg, is visiting at the home of Samuel Burris.

Mrs. Mollie McDonald and daughter Miss Eva, of Lock Haven, visited at the home of Irvin Burris last week.

A party of young people from this place spent Sunday afternoon on the Mountain. Those present were Misses May and Flora Walker, Ella Moyer, Sallie Burris, Esther Snyder, Messrs. Samuel Burris, Frank Walker, Earl Lutz, Claude Williams, Henry Roup, Harry and Archie Moyer.

Henry Houser moved last Friday and Saturday up to John Houser's house, on Nittany Mountain. He took charge of the Club House, at Hecla Park the first of August.

Aaronsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rote, accompanied by their son Ned and wife, of Axemann, spent last Wednesday with Mrs. Sue Rote.

Elsie Stover, of Wolf's Store, is visiting her aunt, Polly Stover.

Miss Margaret Mayes has gone to spend an indefinite time with her sister, at Allentown.

W. H. Philips attended the funeral of his brother, John Philips, at Akron, Ohio, last week.

Mrs. Lydia Meyer is spending a few weeks on her farm at Fiedler, while her tenants are attending the World's Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Weber, of Washington, D. C., took dinner with Mrs. F. J. Foster last Tuesday.

Mrs. Emma Jordan Hess, of Knox, Pa., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Maria Deshler.

Mary Stover returned from a few days' visit to her aunt, at Penn Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Stover and Harry Corman, of Rebersburg; Herb Hosterman, of Woodward, spent Sunday at the home of Prof. Edgar Stover.

Master Clarence Smull, of Smullton, spent a few days with his grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Wert.

Prof. W. T. Meyer, of Philadelphia, is making his annual visit to this town.

J. Rollin Wyle, of Huntingdon, spent a few days with his aged parents.

Rev. A. J. Irey, of Warren, made some very interesting remarks Wednesday evening in the Reformed prayer meeting.

Elias Weaver, of Spring Mills, and Clark Weaver and son, of Mackeyville, were guests at the home of James Weaver on Saturday.

Spencer Edmunds, of Mazeppa, visited his grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Edmunds, a few days last week.

Mrs. George Corman and children, of Rebersburg, spent a day at the home of John Haines.

If you have printing to do, send it to the Reporter office.

Linden Hall.

Mrs. Hess entertained at luncheon on Saturday, Mrs. Procter, of Washington; Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Boal, Miss Buttles, Pierre Boal and Mrs. Winser, of Chattanooga.

Miss Gertrude Wieland returned Saturday from a six weeks' visit at the home of her brother Will, in Hewitt, Nebraska, and her brother Edwin, at Scottsbluff. She also spent some time at St. Louis on her way out.

Misses Grace and Mary Searson, of Fayette county, are visiting friends and acquaintances in this vicinity.

Curtin Musser, of Braddock, arrived at the home of J. H. Ross on Thursday to accompany Mrs. Musser and the children home. They left Saturday for Altoona, where they will stop for a few days.

The festival held at this place by the United Evangelical Sunday school, on Saturday evening, was well attended.

Ruth Wieland, of Boalsburg, and Maude Miller, of Rock Springs, spent Sunday at the home of T. E. Wieland.

Among the visitors in this place during the week were Miss Martha Moyer, at the home of J. M. Ross; Misses Wagner and Smith, of Spring Mills; Frank McClellan and little niece and Miss Annie Long, at Robert McClellan's beautiful home. Miss Helen Jodon, Mrs. and Miss Stickler, at the home of J. H. Ross; Mrs. Fleisher and Mrs. and Miss Long at the home of Irvin Burris; Miss Leitzel at the home of her brother, Murray Leitzel, and Mrs. Lizzie Noll and children at the home of Matthias Durner.

Reduced Rates to Boston.

On account of the National Encampment, G. A. R., at Boston, Mass., August 15 to 20, 1904, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Boston, Mass., from all stations on its lines from August 13 to 15, inclusive, at greatly reduced rates. These tickets will will be good for return passage, to leave Boston not earlier than August 16, nor later than August 20, inclusive, when executed by Joint Agent at Boston.

Upon deposit of ticket with Joint Agent on or before August 20, and payment of fifty cents, an extension of return limit may be secured to leave Boston to September 30, inclusive. (2)

Ayer's

For coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, weak throats, weak lungs, consumption, take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Cherry Pectoral

Always keep a bottle of it in the house. We have been saying this for 60 years, and so have the doctors.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for 40 years. It is the best medicine in the world, I know, for all throat and lung troubles."
MRS. J. K. NORCROSS, Westboro, Mass.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

The Lungs

Daily action of the bowels is necessary. Aid nature with Ayer's Pills.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	60	Wheat	90
Barley	40	Oats	40
		Corn	60

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	12
Potatoes	50	Eggs	17

Central State Normal School

Lock Haven, Penn.

J. R. FLICKINGER, Prin.

Fall term, 15 weeks, begins Sept. 5th. Last year was the most successful in the history of this important school—about 700 students. Location among the mountains of central Penna., with fine water, splendid buildings and excellent sanitary conditions, make it an ideal training school. In addition to its Normal course it also has an excellent College Preparatory Department in charge of an honor graduate of Princeton. It also has departments of Music, Elocution and Business. It has a well educated Faculty, fine Gymnasium and Athletic Field.

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THE PRESIDENT.

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Successors to . . . .
GRANT HOOVER

Control sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Telephone connection.

...Make a Guess...

...WIN...
$1000
$250
$100
$50
$20
$10

Call at our store—guess the Number of Yards of Cloth used more than another in making up clothing up to January 1st, 1905. All guesses to be in by October 31st, 1904. All guesses must be from customers over sixteen years of age.

MONTGOMERY & CO.
REPRESENTING
International Tailoring Company
NEW YORK & CHICAGO.

FERTILIZERS
...For Fall Seeding...

Farmers bought Fertilizers from us last fall at a great saving. Those who did not buy from us last year, should remember the premium paid. We have the best goods at the best prices. The conservative farmer buys good goods from good responsible dealers and gets good results.

Choice Timothy Seed, Grain Drills, Harrows, Plows, Etc., all at Attractive Prices.

McCALMONT & CO.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Home Comfort Ranges
THE BEST ON EARTH

This stove is made from heavy Wrought Steel and Malleable Iron. It has Asbestos lined flues, improved combined grate, extra heavy Fire Linings, Dust Proof Oven, quick baker, easy to manage, economical with fuel, and with proper care will last a full life time. This stove is

NOT SOLD BY DEALERS

But from our own wagons at one Uniform Price throughout the United States and Canada.

Below is what people say who are using "Home Comfort Ranges":

SPRING MILLS, PA.—To whom it may concern: This is to certify that I have used a Home Comfort Range for 13 years and can say it is in as good shape to-day as the day I got it. It is a Wood Saver, a perfect baker and a general purpose family stove.
JAMES A. McCLINTICK.

WADDLE, PA.—13 years ago I purchased a Home Comfort Range, and can truly say it is in as good shape to-day as the day I got it. It is a perfect baker, a fuel saver and a general purpose family stove.
JOHN BOUTZ.

HOME COMFORT RANGE COMPANY.—We have had the pleasure of using the Home Comfort Range for a number of years and it has certainly proved all right. It is a fine baker and a good heater. The stove is certainly all right.
J. I. CONDO, Spring Mills, Pa.

BELLEFONTE, June 9, 1904.—This is to certify that the Home Comfort Range is satisfactory in all ways, burns less coal or fuel than any other stove or range I ever had and is a good baker—takes but 3 sticks of wood to bake. I would not part with it and take another kind for the worth of 10 stoves. MRS. MARGARET GARBRICK.

SPRING MILLS, PA., June 6, 1904.—We have used the Home Comfort Range for 11 years and it gives good satisfaction. ROBERT SMITH.

PENN HALL, June 8, 1904.—We have had our Range 5 years and we find it all right. For baking and heating it cannot be beat. MRS. J. F. HOSTERMAN.

SPRING MILLS, June 16, 1904.—We have had a Home Comfort Steel Range for twelve years and have found it all right. For baking and heating it cannot be beat.
L. E. ROSSMAN.

WROUGHT IRON RANGE CO.
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

Plum Grove.

Messrs. Wm. Keller and George Sharer attended the festival at Spring Mills, Saturday evening.

Hoover Dalby and wife visited the former's mother at Reedsville.

Misses Lucina and Puella Swartz were to the festival at Spring Mills Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Gingerich, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Keen, of Potters Mills; Mrs. E. M. Watts and child, of Elk county, all spent Sunday at the home of Rudy Gingerich. Mrs. Watts and child expect to spend some time here.

GARMAN'S STORE

Sash Rods, 5 to 10c each.
Cottage Rods, 10 to 20c each.
Regular Curtain Poles, 20c up.
Scrim, 5 to 10c.
Regular Sash Curtains, 25c pr
Mattings, 12 1-2 to 35c yd.
Curtain Loops, 5 to 15c pr.

All the Late Styles in . . .
DRESS GOODS

Ready-made . . . . .
SHEETS
BOLSTERS
PILLOW CASES

OIL CLOTH & LINOLEUM

Pull Down Blinds, 9 to 50c.
Wagons, Wheelbarrows
Go Carts, Velocipedes
Garden Sets, 10 to 25c.

Bargains in all Departments.

TWO FARMS FOR SALE—

The heirs of Mrs. Mary P. Wilson, deceased offer at private sale the following two farms, situated in Potter township, Centre county, Pa.

No. 1 The farm known as the station farm, located at Centre Hall Station, containing one hundred and thirty-five acres, more or less, now in the occupancy of Henry Homan. This farm is principally limestone land in good state of cultivation. Good buildings and orchard and well supplied with water. All clear except about ten acres which is covered by good oak timber.

No. 2 The farm known as the Foreman farm, situated about one mile east of Centre Hall Station, now in the occupancy of P. A. Auman, containing one hundred and twenty acres more or less, principally limestone land; all the necessary farm buildings, a never failing supply of water piped to door, good orchard, etc. These farms are offered for sale to close up an estate. Favorable terms will be made with purchasers. For further particulars apply to
MRS. LAURA ELLIOTT, Bellefonte.
or GEO. M. BOAL, Centre Hall.
June 22, 1904.

CHARTER NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, citizens of Pennsylvania, will make application to his excellency, the Governor of Pennsylvania, on Friday, the 22nd day of July, A. D. 1904, for letters patent of incorporation to be granted to a proposed corporation having the name of the "Coburn Canning Company," and having its principal office in Coburn, Penn township, the purpose of said corporation being to buy and sell fruit vegetables and other produce, and to dry, preserve and can such fruit and vegetables, and for this purpose to own real estate and to erect and operate a proper factory for preparing the said fruit, vegetables and other products for the market.
A. F. KREAMER,
G. R. STOVER,
ANDREW HARTER
T. A. MEYER,
W. T. WINKLEBLECH.

THE SHARPLESS TUBULAR CREAM SEPARATOR is a short cut, saving half the dairy work. It is a low-down machine. There is no drudgery in washing the simple three piece Dairy Tubular Separator bowl. Avoid bucket bowls. They're all full of troublesome parts. Twenty-six sizes—take the one that will accommodate your herd. Considering the durability of the machine, the price is the lowest of any separator on the market. For further particulars write or apply in person to
H. D ROSSMAN,
Spring Mills, Pa.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite.
Don't fail to get my prices

OVER 76 MILLIONS
Represented in the
FREDERICK K. FOSTER AGENCY
WITH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES ALONE....
The Largest and Best
Accident Ins. Companies
Bonds of Every Description Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.
Also, District Agent for . . .
The Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

30th . . . .
Encampment and Exhibition
of the . . . .
Patrons of Husbandry of Central Pennsylvania
Grange Park, Centre Hall, Pa.
September 17 to 23, inclusive.

Encampment Opens September 17th.
Exhibition Opens Monday, Sept. 19th.

The largest and best fair in Central Pennsylvania, by farmers and for farmers. Twenty-eight acres are devoted to camping and exhibition purposes. Ample tent accommodations for all desiring to camp.

A large display of farm stock and poultry, also farm implements, fruits, cereals, and every production of farm and garden.

The Pennsylvania State College will make a large dispiay of the work of the College and State Experiment Station.

ADMISSION FREE.

GEO. DALE
J. S. DAUBERMAN
GEO. GINGERICH
G. L. GOODHART

LEONARD RHONE,
Chairman.

O. T. CORMAN
SPRING MILLS

Has just received a fine selection of Carpetings, comprising Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain and Rag. All beautiful colorings and a superior grade. At prices from one-third to one-quarter less than is usually charged by other parties.

FLOOR COVERING

Linoleum, floor and table oil cloth, all new designs and bright colors; from 36 to 72 inches in width, selling at remarkably low figures.

STRAW and PANAMA Hats at One-Half Value

Straw, Panama and linen hats, all the latest spring and summer styles, selling at about half value.

Dress and White Goods at Money-Saving Prices

A line of splendid dress and white goods, just placed on the counters. These goods are very choice and desirable and must be seen to be appreciated, and the surprise is the money-saving prices.

Gingham, Prints and Muslin, all grades, also an endless variety of Notions. A full line of beautiful Embroideries, Ribbons and Insertions, at prices to astound you.

Spring and Summer Hosiery

Spring and summer Hosiery and Underwear for ladies and gentlemen at prices about one-third off.

Pants and Overalls

My stock of Pants and Overalls for Men, Boys and Youths is very complete and at all prices.

Just received an invoice of Ladies' Wrappers, new styles, well made and at low figures.

Curtain Poles and Stair Rods in brass and wood. Also a full line of Queensware and Glassware.

My grocery department is very complete and contains everything in that line necessary for family use.

Wanted, immediately, apples, potatoes, poultry and beef hides, and will pay cash or trade.

Be sure to examine my immense stock before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

Come to our store and you will be convinced of a few facts in Footwear . . . . . .

....C. A. KRAPE....

SPRING MILLS, PA.

ALFALFA Will grow anywhere if the conditions are made right, and give from 40 to 50 dollars worth of Protein to the acre. Absence of the proper soil bacteria is the most common difficulty, and is easily overcome by using 300 to 600 lbs of impregnated soil to the acre, at or after seeding. I can furnish soil from a fifteen year old field that gave over 4 tons of hay to the acre last year, and where the bacteria is very abundant. Send for prices.

F. E. DAWLEY,
Route 100, Fayetteville, N. Y.

SHOP, CARPENTER TOOLS, ETC. FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale blacksmith shop, opposite the school house; size 18x24 ft., built of good lumber and well put together. Also, tools, in good condition. Also, several new wheelbarrows, well ironed and painted. Purchaser can have all or part at a sacrifice price. J. L. McCLENAHAN,
July 28, 1904. Centre Hall, Pa.

Good, Kind Neighbors.

The above indicates the character of the people living about Centre Hill as expressed by the family of Peter Smith of that place, upon the death of the wife and mother. Their kindness on the occasion was a tribute well paid, because each one knew that under similar circumstances the deceased would have spared neither of her goods nor effort to minister.

Pennsylvania Day at St. Louis.

Saturday, August 20, has been set aside as Pennsylvania Day at Louisiana Exposition at St. Louis. This is the anniversary of General Wayne's conclusive victory over the Indians at Fallen Timbers, which opened the Northwest to settlement, and there is to be a military celebration of the day at the Exposition.

Reduced Rates to Seashore.

The next Pennsylvania Railroad low-rate ten-day excursion for the present season from Lock Haven, Troy, Bellefonte, Williamsport, Mocanaqua, Sunbury, Mt. Carmel, Shenandoah, Lykens, Dauphin, and principal intermediate stations, (including stations on branch roads), to Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, or Holly Beach, will be run on Thursday, August 4, 1904.

Excursion tickets, good to return by regular trains within ten days, will be sold at very low rates. Tickets to Atlantic City will be sold via Delaware River Bridge Route, the only all rail line, or via Market Street Wharf, Philadelphia.

Stop over can be had at Philadelphia, either going or returning, within limit of ticket.

For information in regard to specific rates and time of trains, consult hand bills, or apply to agents, or E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa. 2t

Special Sunday Excursion to Seashore.

The next popular low-rate Sunday excursion via the Pennsylvania Railroad from Lock Haven, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Mocanaqua, Sunbury, Dauphin, and principal intermediate stations to Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, or Holly Beach, will be run Sunday, August 7.

Excursion tickets, good going and returning on regular trains within five days, will be sold at very low rates. Tickets to Atlantic City will be sold via the Delaware River Bridge Route, the only all-rail line, or via Market Street Wharf, Philadelphia.

Stop-over can be had at Philadelphia, either going or returning, within limit of ticket.

For information in regard to specific rates and time of trains consult hand bills, or apply to agents, or E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

Miller--Hess

The marriage of George Blair Miller, of Altoona, and Miss Agnes May Hess, of Blairsville, took place at Cumberland, Maryland, on Wednesday, July 27th, at three o'clock, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Melvin, of the 1st Presbyterian church.

The bride is the daughter of Claude B. Hess, one of Ferguson township's most prominent citizens, and is a beautiful and accomplished young woman.

The groom is the youngest son of 'Squire J. H. Miller, of the Glades. He has, for the past ten years, been employed in the P. R. R. station at Altoona at which place they will make their future home, after a few weeks spent in sight-seeing in St. Louis and other western cities.

Their many friends join in wishing them a long and prosperous life.

Rowe Business College.

Rowe Business College, at Johnstown, closed a ten months' term this summer with a larger attendance than ever before, there being over 200 students of whom forty graduated.

The instructors in the school are President, Dr. S. H. Eisenberg; Prof. H. A. Wilson, Dr. H. A. Curran, Miss R. L. Irvin and Miss Ethel Eisenberg.

Smullton.

Miss Mayme Wolf returned home from St. Louis one day last week.

Henry Smull is dangerously ill of typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Guisewite and Mrs. From, who were visiting T. D. Stover, returned home Monday.

Luther Miller is working at Renovo at present.

Pine Camp Meeting.

On account of the Methodist Camp Meeting to be held at Pine, August 4 to 15, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets, at reduced rates, from Renovo, Lewisburg, Sunbury, and all intermediate stations to Pine. Tickets will be sold August 4 to 15, good for return passage until August 16, inclusive. (2)

Mr. Murray's Challenge.

Buy a bottle of Vin te-na, take as directed, and if you do not feel greatly improved, if you do not feel that it has renewed your energy, soothed your nerves, improved your digestion, induced restful sleep and brought back your former strength; if you do not feel that it has done you more good than any other tonic you have ever tried, bring it back and Mr. Murray will promptly refund your money. For sale by J. D. Murray.

Reduced Rates to Toronto.

On account of the Friends' General Conference to be held at Toronto, Ont., August 10 to 19, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Toronto and return from all stations on its lines, on August 9, 10 and 11, at reduced rates. Tickets will be good to August 31, inclusive. (2)

H. F. ROSSMAN
SPRING MILLS PA. . . . . .

WE ARE CLOSING OUT OUR . . . .

Summer Underwear
Lace and Lisle Hosiery
White Goods

We also have a lot of Mason's Fruit Jars for those in need of them.

A full line of Groceries. Variety of Fresh Cakes.

CALL TO SEE US.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 a year.

The Sunday School Picnic.

The various Sunday schools of Centre Hall held a picnic in the grove east of Centre Hall, on the farm of Samuel Bruss, Thursday of last week. The attendance was quite large, and all enjoyed themselves to the fullest extent. This may especially be said of the children and all adults who had no intimate acquaintance with dyspepsia.

In the rear of the grove is an old burying ground and distinct markings where once stood a church. The family burying grounds of the Penningtons is located here, and from the headstones it is learned that the earliest interment was made in 1824. Some of the descendants of the Penningtons participated in the picnic.

There are hundreds of graves that are merely marked by natural sandstones. Among these latter is that of Moses Phelmley, pointed out by George Sweeney, who is familiar with the grounds. Moses Phelmley was a prominent figure about Centre Hall at a time when the town was confined to one or two dwelling houses, a blacksmith shop and school house. His grave is at the south west corner of the clump of trees that mark the place, and on the rude headstone is cut "M. P."

LOCALS.

Miss Emilie Alexander, of Tyrone, is here for a few weeks' stay.

W. A. Sandoe was called to Juniata county on account of the illness of his father.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wise, widow of David Wise, of Berwick, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. William Scholl, and niece Mrs. S. S. Kreamer. Mrs. Wise makes her home with her son, H. Irvin Wise, foremerly a resident of this place.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Condo, at Darragh, a suburb of Pittsburg, was the place selected the other Sunday for a number of persons formerly from Centre Hall to meet W. A. Sandoe, of this place, and enjoy a midday meal prepared by Mrs. Condo. The participants were Messrs. P. F. Keller, D. Earl Fleming, Al. Moyer, Milton Snyder, Samuel Koch, and W. A. Sandoe.

Millheim.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Gephart drove down from Bellefonte on Sunday to visit the former's mother, Mrs. Jacob Gephart.

T. F. Meyer and family spent Sunday at the home of John Rishel, at Farmers Mills. They report Mr. Rishel, who was suffering from cancer, on a fair way to recovery.

Mrs. Margaret Schoch, of New Berlin, accompanied by her son, was here for a few days' visit with her mother, Mrs. Jacob Gephart.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Shuman, of the State College hotel, in company with J. C. Smith, whose guests they were while here, drove down Saturday to see the town and vicinity. On their return Sunday afternoon they took in Penns Cave and other attractions. Mrs. J. C. Smith accompanied the party to State College.

Samuel Kuhlen, the State College clothier, spent Saturday at the home of D. J. Neiman.

When leaving the house Sunday evening to attend Luther League services Miss Bertha Musser had a painful accident. In stepping from the porch to the sidewalk, which is defective, she broke through with one foot, throwing her down and severely wrenching her ankle. It is feared that some of the bones are fractured as she is totally unable to walk.

A jolly party of ladies and gentlemen from Lock Haven were royally entertained at the home of D. J. Neiman, Sunday.

Carpenter John Housman and his crew are engaged this week at remodeling the Lutheran church at Aaronsburg, after which they will begin on the Harvey Confer property. Mr. Housman and his men are kept "busy as nailers" all the time.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Mingle, accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. Hoy, and her daughter Elizabeth, passed through here Saturday en route for Aaronsburg to visit Mr. Mingle's mother.

J. C. Hosterman, of the Journal, with his wife drove to Union county to visit his mother, Mrs. Boob.

Although digging is pretty hard, quite a number of our townspeople jumped into the ditch of the new water plant Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. John Meyer drove to Boalsburg Sunday to visit the former's invalid mother.

Rebersburg.

Among the many visitors to town the past week were Mrs. Guy Roush, Mrs. Kurtz and son, Mifflinburg; Miss Tace Kreamer, Centre Hall; Mrs. Harry Jenkins and son, Bellefonte; Mrs. Chestie Smith, son and daughter, Hazelton; Geo. Weber and family, Lock Haven; Mr. and Mrs. Andrews, Williamsport; Prof. W. R. Bray and family, Freeland; Rev. and Mrs. H. B. Kreider, Miss Violet Moyer, Pennbrook; Mrs. Samuel Frank and son, Harrisburg; Mrs. Solly and family, Richmond, Va.; S. M. Weber and family, Washington, D. C.

Do not forget the sale of 35 milch cows and young cattle on Saturday afternoon, by C. E. Long.

Harris Township.

Prof. Place with his wife and children, of Marshall, Missouri, and Mrs. J. C. Bryson, of Jersey Shore, are visitors at the home of Mrs. Woods.

Prof. Edward H. Myers, wife and daughter, of Bellefonte, are spending their vacation with their parents in Boalsburg.

Mrs. Lizzie Passmore and son Charles, of Harrisburg, are enjoying life on the farm with her father and sisters, at the Felty home.

Mrs. Sophia Hall entertained a company of friends on Saturday evening at the home of her sisters, Misses Sara and Clara Keller.

A limited number of young people enjoyed Friday evening with the Ross family at Hazel Dell; the party was given in honor of Miss Martha Moyer, of Philadelphia.

Miss Elsie Bible, of Bellefonte, is enjoying herself in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. John Myers, of Millheim, visited the former's mother, Mrs. Rebecca Myers.

Mrs. James Fortney and daughter Anna, of Pine Grove Mills, spent Sunday with friends in Shingletown.

Mitchell Stover with his wife and four children were here from Altoona, enjoying the pure country air.

Miss Sara Hunter returned home after spending several months at New Castle

Miss Eddy, of Salona, visited at the home of Mrs. Bricker.

Frank and Charles Fisher visited their mother, Mrs. Emma Fisher.

Wm. Keller, of Lancaster, and Harry Keller, of Bellefonte, with their little boys Daniel and Orvis, spent last Tuesday with their aunts, the Misses Keller.

Mrs. William Custard, of State College, was a caller here on Friday.

A. H. Hosterman spent Monday with his brother Alfred, at Centre Hill.

T. R. Weber and Alfred Rupp enjoyed a trip to Gettysburg.

George Fortney and Daniel Patterson left here on Monday for St. Louis and other western cities.

Miss Gertrude Wieland returned from an excursion to St. Louis and other points along the route.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Boal celebrated the tenth anniversary of their marriage Tuesday evening of last week. Quite a number of guests helped to enliven the evening.

Communion services were held in the Presbyterian church last Sunday. Four members were added to the congregation.

All are invited to attend the lawn fete given by class No. 6 of the Lutheran Sunday school at Boalsburg Saturday evening, August 6th.

Mrs. Harriet Musser, with her son Harry Gilmen and family, spent Sunday at Pine Hall.

Reduced Rates to Louisville.

On account of the Biennial Encampment, Knights of Pythias, at Louisville, Ky., August 16 to 29, 1904, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Louisville and return, from all stations on its lines, from August 12 to 15, inclusive, at rate of single fare, plus $1.00 for round trip. These tickets will be good for return passage to leave Louisville not later than August 31, when validated by Joint Agent at Louisville. Upon deposit of ticket with Joint Agent, not later than August 31, and payment of 50 cents, an extension of return limit may be secured to leave Louisville to September 15, inclusive.

Harris Township Teachers.

The Harris township school board, composed of J. P. Weber, president; J. L. Tressler, secretary; D. B. Thomas, treasurer; J. H. Meyer, Cyrus Durst and John Strouse, elected the following teachers:

Township High School—Prof. Theo. S. Rupp.
Boalsburg Intermediate—H. M. Hosterman.
Boalsburg Primary—C. Gertrude Wieland.
Rock Hill—Frank Young.
Shingletown—Wm. Mothersbaugh.
Walnut Grove—Not supplied.

The salary paid for the High school is $50, and for Rock Hill $40.

Clinton Democratic Ticket.

The Democrats in Clinton county have nominated the following ticket:

Assembly, Hon. W. T. Young; District Attorney, Henry Hipple; County Surveyor, J. D. Eckel.

The Union Seminary.

The Union Seminary, located at New Berlin, has become a non-sectarian co-educational institution. The school will open September 1st with seventy-five students enrolled.

Prof W. D. Marburger, A. B., a graduate of Franklin & Marshall College, has been elected principal, and Prof. M. W. Witmer, A. B., and Prof. Edwin A. Nace, assistants.

The new organization became necessary owing to the fact that in 1902 a union of the church was affected through which the school was discontinued and Albright College, at Myerstown, became the recognized school of that denomination. The property at New Berlin was afterwards purchased by friends and members of the alumni who elected for its management a board of trustees.

Wanting in Diction.

From the Sugar Valley Journal.

A new baby girl is growing on Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miller's family tree, much to the delight of both.

THE THING TO DO

THE THING TO DO
Is to look over our stock of Spring Goods in all the lines. The Ladies will find sewing material, and the Men will be interested in other lines.

OVERALLS and PLOW SHOES

GROCERIES

WE KEEP THE CHOICEST GROCERIES TO BE HAD . . .

KREAMER & SON.

A REMINDER

That I have Irvin's Cakes in Six Varieties all at 10c a lb. Better buy your cakes when you can buy a good one at such a price.

If you want a fine Dried Peach or Prune, I have them.

If you would like to make your wash days easy, come to me and buy one of my "MAJESTIC" WASHING MACHINES and one of my WRINGERS. These Machines are considered one of the easiest running and best all around Machines on the market, and cost less than some others. Wringers $1.20 to $3.00. The $3.00 Wringer has a five year guaranteed roll.

C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville, Pa.

C. P. LONG, SPRING MILLS

When are you coming to
OUR STORE
To get your good share of
SPECIAL BARGAINS?

GRANITE WATER PAILS
" TEA KETTLES
" BOILERS
" COFFEE & TEA KETTLES
} 19c.

DISHES OF THE BEST ASSORTMENT PRICES RIGHT.

Dry Goods and Notions

We have THE stock of Dry Goods and Notions at prices so low that you cannot help but buy them. . . . . .

Up to Date Furniture

Come to see our Up-to-Date Furniture at special low prices. Bed Room Suits, Couches, Dining Room Chairs, Rockers, Beds, Mattresses, Springs, Wall Paper.

CENTRE TABLES . . . . . 75c to $2.50
BED SPRINGS 1.95
MATTRESSES . . . . . ALL PRICES

RANGES & COOK STOVES

It will be to your interest to visit this store where you will find the largest stock of goods in Penn's Valley, and get our prices.

C. P. LONG, SPRING MILLS

C. P. LONG

C. P. LONG

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Is it true you want to look old? Then keep your gray hair. If not, then use Hall's Hair Renewer, and have all the dark, rich color of early life restored to your hair.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

Build up your Strength with JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE,

a pleasant, potent and permanent invigorator for WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN.

SURROUNDED BY JAPS

Movement is Almost Completed and Kuroki and Aku Are Closing In.

THE ENEMY'S FRONT IS EXTENDED.

Russian General Must Now Either Fight or Withdraw Northward—He Is Closely Pressed at Haicheng, Where There Has Been Heavy Fighting, the Rear Guard of the Retreating Russians Being in Grave Peril.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—Though public attention has been distracted from the events of the war during the past week, first, because of the fear of international complications, and, second, because of the assassination of Minister of the Interior von Plehve, the situation at the front is regarded as critical.

The enveloping movement of the three Japanese armies of General Kuroki, Nodzu and Oku around General Kuropatkin's position appears to be almost complete, and the extended line of the Japanese seems to be the only drawback to concerted action.

It is realized here that the Russian general must now either fight or withdraw the whole army northward. Kuropatkin is being closely pressed at Haicheng. At that place General Kuroki's northern column makes it extremely dangerous to remain there, because, while holding the position to give battle against the Japanese, whose advance is always slow and careful, General Kuroki might push through and cut his communications with Liaoyang.

While nothing is definitely known, there are some unofficial indications that matters are rapidly maturing for either a battle or a retreat. For instance, the refusal to accept further press telegrams at Haicheng. This might be construed either that preparations are making for a retirement or that the wires are very crowded, incident to a concentration at Haicheng or Liaoyang.

A few days are expected to determine which course General Kuropatkin has elected to pursue.

There is no inclination here to doubt that there may have been pretty severe fighting at the outer positions of Port Arthur, possibly acompanied by a bombardment from the sea, but it is not believed that the Japanese are yet ready to storm the fortress. Rear Admiral Withoft, in command of the naval forces at Port Arthur, is relied on to put to sea if the condition of the fortress becomes desperate. While no definite information is obtainable, the report that the fortress is short of ammunition is considered by the public as the most disquieting feature of the situation there.

The indications are that the Baltic squadron is on the eve of an important movement. Nothing regarding this can be ascertained officially, but many of the officers already have said farewell to friends and families, and are holding themselves ready for instant service. The Emperor had arranged to inspect the squadron, but his plan was given up owing to the assassination of Minister of the Interior von Plehve.

London, (By Cable).—The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Niuchwang, in a dispatch dated July 31, says that there has been heavy fighting for two days in the marshes south of Haicheng during the gradual retreat from Tatchekiao of 5000 Russians forming the rear guard, and that the peril of this force increases daily.

SWEPT BY CONFLAGRATION.

Destructive Fire Starts in Lumber Yard at Salisbury, Md.

Salisbury, Md., (Special).—Salisbury was visited by one of the most destructive fires she has experienced in a number of years. E. S. Adkins Company's lumber and manufacturing plant here was partly burned down, with a loss of about $40,000. This amount is well covered by insurance.

Their main flooring mill, sawmill, warehouses and most valuable timber have gone at 1.30 o'clock A. M.

A row of dwelling-houses, more lumber and an entirely new sash mill are in the path of the flames and only one engine can be worked because of the bad conditions of the water mains.

To the south and east are the Baltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Railway Company car shops and the junction and freight house of that railroad and the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad.

The fire was discovered by one of the two watchmen at the yard and he endeavored to extinguish it, burning his face and hands and singeing his hair. All the records and books in the office were saved.

Georgia Family Murdered.

Statesboro, Ga., (Special).—Henry R. Hodges, his wife and three children, living about six miles from Statesboro, have been killed and their home burned. There were bloodstains outside the building. Hodges, his wife and one child had had their skull broken, apparently with an axe. Robbery is supposed to have been the cause of the crime.

Murderer Commits Suicide.

Chicago, (Special).—After a week of mental anguish, during which he continually wept and prayed, Frank Bendetto, who murdered his wife during a fit of jealousy, committed suicide in his cell in the county jail by hanging himself.

Boy Fatally Shoots His Chum.

Pittsfield, Mass., (Special).—Thomas Magner, a 15-year-old grocery clerk, shot and killed his chum, Patrick O'Brien, in a grove at the foot of Linden street. The boys had been shooting an old-fashioned 32 caliber revolver, and Magner, supposing all the cartridges had been exploded, pulled the trigger over one that had not yet been discharged, the ball entering the left side of O'Brien's face and lodging in the skull. O'Brien died in a few minutes.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

The large independent operators of the Pocahontas coal region have entered into an agreement to raise the price of soft coal.

Rear Admiral George A. Converse was appointed chief of the Bureau of Navigation, succeeding the late Admiral Taylor.

The peace prospects at the stockyards' strike received a black eye in the arrest of President Golden, of the Teamsters' Union.

The managers of the St. Louis Exposition have decided not to pay the expenses of the foreign jurors to the fair.

Receiver W. G. Taefel, of the New York Savings Bank, was found drowned in a branch of the Licking River.

E. J. Gildersleeve, a ticket broker, was fined for dealing in nontransferable World's Fair railroad tickets.

A dozen persons were injured in a collision between a motor train and a trolley car near Coney Island.

Minister Leishman cabled the State Department that he had along interview with the Sultan.

One man was killed and several injured in a head-on collision near Sharon, Pa.

Custer Gardner, a white man, was hanged at Munfordville, Ky., for the murder, in November last, of S. D. Osborn and his son David.

The house of John Harper, at New Haven, O., burned, and Mr. Harper and his wife, both over 80 years old, were burned to death.

The remains of Rear Admiral Henry C. Taylor were buried with military honors at the National Cemetery at Arlington.

State Bank Examiner Bergh, of Wisconsin, took charge of the state bank at Mauston, Wis., and closed its doors.

The Republican State Convention of Missouri nominated Cyrus P. Walbridge, of St. Louis, for governor.

William Hoyt hitched himself to a sulky and pulled his wife from Moline, Ill., to the World's Fair in St. Louis.

Private Joseph J. Hammot, of the Eighteenth Regiment, U. S. A., stationed at Fort Schuyler, was murdered.

Ambassadors Bellamy Storer and Charlemayne Tower arrived at New York on the steamer Deutchland.

President Roosevelt and his family returned to Washington, where they will remain for a while.

Former Secretary of War Root has declined to become a candidate for governor of New York.

Michael Davis was arrested in Brownsville, Pa., on the charge of killing his mother.

Heathfield Washburn, grain dealer of Buffalo, committed suicide.

The accident bulletin of the Interstate Commerce Commission shows a decrease in the casualties on railroads since the use of air brakes on freight cars.

Judge Platt, of the United States Circuit Court in Harford, Ct., signed the decree of foreclosure of the mortgage given the Ship Trust.

George F. Hammond confessed in Spokane, Wash., his part in the holding up of a Northern Pacific passenger train near Bearmouth, Mon.

The will of Abner McKinley, filed in Somerset, Pa., leaves the bulk of his estate to his widow and his daughter, Mrs. McKinley Bear.

M. Marshall Langhorne, of Virginia, was appointed consul to Chungking, China, and Frank S. Hannah, of Illinois, to Madeburg, Germany.

Salvatore Brandaleone and Giovanni Giordano, two Italians, were convicted in New York for counterfeiting. They confessed.

John Rogers, the sculptor who designed the famous groups of statuary bearing his name, died in New Haven, Ct.

A fire broke out in the lard refinery of Swift & Co., in the stockyards in Chicago. It was not of incendiary origin.

Jealous John Anderson, of Pueblo, Col., killed his sweetheart, Mrs. J. J. Appley, and then shot and killed himself.

The Lancaster Bank of Lancaster, O., closed its doors in cosequence of a run, and a receiver was appointed.

The National Association of Railway Postal Clerks elected delegates to the national convention to be held in Boston in September.

Senator Davis emphatically denies the report that he is to marry the widow of Dr. John Reynolds, of Shepherdstown, W. Va.

The record in the case of James B. Howard against the State of Kentucky was filed in the United States Supreme Court.

The resignation of Charles M. Schwab as a director of the United States Steel Corporation was accepted.

Thomas Taggart, of Indiana, was elected chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

Rev. Robert Perine, dean of All Saints' Cathedral, at Spokane, Wash., died at Newark.

Foreign.

The recovery of Lego, alias Porozeff, the assassin of the Russian Minister of the Interior von Plehve is believed to be assured. The officials declare that the murder was a part of a widespread plot.

The French police are searching for an Italian nobleman who is alleged to have swindled various people in London out of sums amounting to about £80,000.

Antonio de Castro won the prize of £1,000 awarded by the Lisbon Geographical Society for completing a walking tour of Europe in 18 months.

The Viceroy of Hukwang has notified the officials of Singanfu to produce the murderers of Monsignor Verhaepen, the Belgian bishop, on pain of punishment.

Two Frenchmen were arrested at Wilhelmshaven, Germany, on suspicion of spying on the fortifications there.

Rudolph Spreckels, of San Francisco, was successfully operated on a Carlsbad by Dr. Sonnenburg, of Berlin, and is doing well.

A British cruiser has sailed for Tangier, presumably in connection with disturbances in Morocco.

SEVEN ARE INDICTED

Federal Grand Jury Acts in Slocum Disaster.

HEAVY BAIL WILL BE DEMANDED.

True Bills Found Against the Captain, the Inspector and a Probationary Officer, the President, Secretary and Treasurer of the Knickerbocker Co., and Against the Captain of the Grand Republic.

New York, (Special).—The Federal Grand Jury indicted Captain Van Schaick and Federal Steamboat Inspector Fleming and former Inspector Lundberg in connection with the disaster of the General Slocum, on June 15 last, when nearly one thousand lives were lost.

Captain Van Schaick was commander of the General Slocum.

Fleming and Lundberg had passed the Slocum at the opening of the season.

United States District Attorney Burnett said that indictments also were found against President Barnaby, Secretary Atkinson and Treasurer Dexter of the Knickerbocker Steamboat Company, and Capt. John Pease, the commodore of the company's fleet.

General Burnett said that when these men and Captain Van Schaick and Inspectors Lundberg and Fleming are arraigned for pleading on Monday he will insist upon bail being fixed at $25,000 in each case.

PRESIDENT IS NOTIFIED.

An Interesting Ceremony at the Country Home of the Roosevelts.

Oyster Bay, L. I., (Special).—President Roosevelt was notified formally Wednesday afternoon of his nomination for the Presidency by the Republican National Convention. The ceremony took place at his country home, at Sagamore Hill, three miles from this village. In accordance with the wish of the President, the ceremony was as simple as possible.

The formal notification of the action of the Convention was made by a committee representing every State and Territory in the United States. Joseph G. Cannon, Speaker of the House of Representatives, spoke for the committee.

The special train bearing the members of the notification committee and the invited guests left Long Island City at 10.32 A. M. and arrived here at 11.35 A. M. Only three of the members of the committee were absent. They were James N. Coombs of Florida, Senator Chauncey M. Depew of New York, who is in Europe, and Senator Clarence D. Clark of Wyoming.

Included among the invited guests were men prominent in all walks of life. Among them were personal and political friends of the President in New York State, lifelong friends and neighbors on Long Island, including the pastors of the Oyster Bay churches and the officials of the National and New York State Republican organizations.

On arrival at Sagamore Hill the committeemen were received by President Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt and National Chairman George B. Cortelyou. All of the house guests of the President were gathered on the veranda, and as the occupants of each carriage alighted they were welcomed by the President and each was presented to Mrs. Roosevelt.

At the conclusion of the informal reception the ceremony of notification began. The members of the family, the house guests and the distinguished visitors were assembled on the veranda.

When Speaker Cannon rose to deliver his speech at 12.40 P. M. he was greeted with applause. When he had finished the President advanced to the veranda railing, and, standing under a great festoon of American flags, delivered his address in response to the notification. As he faced the assemblage he was warmly applauded.

Both the President and Speaker Cannon spoke standing on a chair placed at an angle of the veranda, so that all could hear.

At the conclusion of the address, President Roosevelt received congratulations, and several group photographs were taken on the steps and lawn, with the President in the centre.

Balloons to Hurl Explosives.

Washington, (Special).—Friday marked the termination of the agreement entered into by the Powers at the Hague Peace Conference, to which Russia and Japan were signatory, whereby the use of war balloons for throwing destructive explosives was prohibited for five years. Both Russia and Japan are now free to use the balloons to hurl dynamite into an enemy's camp, and developments in this direction will be closely watched by American military strategists.

Farmer Assassinated.

Augusta, Ga., (Special).—A special to the Chronicle from Washington, Wilkes county, Ga., says that while Charles J. Tyler, a prominent young farmer of the northeastern section of the county, was at supper with his wife, Dr. Thomas C. Burch emptied two loads of buckshot from the window into the body of Tyler, killing him instantly. Dr. Burch has been taken in custody in the adjoining county.

Waders Swept to Their Death.

Winnipeg, Man., (Special).—While four persons were attempting to wade across Old Mans river, at McLeod, N. W. T., they were swept from their feet and drowned. They are Nellie and Katie Higgins, aged 20 and 16, respectively; Eddie Higgins, aged 6, all members of the same family, and Mary Robinson, aged 21, a friend. The river, which is usually a shallow stream, had become swollen by recent heavy rains.

ONE DEAD; ANOTHER DYING.

Three Highwaymen Shoot Mine Superintendent and Stable Boss.

Altoona, Pa. (Special).—P. F. Campbell, superintendent and paymaster of the Puritan Coal Mining Company, at Puritan, Cambria county, and Chas. Hays, a stable boss for the same company, were held up on a public road a mile out of Portage at 10 o'clock A. M., shot in twenty-five places and robbed of $2865 which they were taking to Puritan to pay the miners.

The three highwaymen, who were apparently Italians, escaped, but the whole mountain top was scoured for them and a number of suspicious characters were arrested.

Campbell and Hays, in a buggy, drove from Puritan to Portage and at 9 o'clock received the money in a bag from the Pennsylvania Railroad station master at that place. It came by express on an early train from an Altoona bank. With the money underneath the buggy seat they started for Puritan.

A mile out of Portage at a turn in the road is a clump of trees. Reaching the turn, the three men stepped from the woods and without a word opened fire. One shoved a revolver into Campbell's face and fired. The ball struck Campbell in the neck. The other two highwaymen were armed with shotguns loaded with buckshot. They also fired on the two men in the buggy, both shots taking effect. The man with the revolver reached under the seat and snatched the bag of money just as the horse ran away.

Campbell and Hays were thrown out into the road and the horse continued on to the stable.

Discharging two more loads of shot at the paymaster and his assistant, the robbers fled in the direction of Lloydell. Campbell got to his feet and walked toward Puritan. Meeting a farmer with a spring wagon, he told his story and was driven to Portage, where he received surgical attention, and gave an alarm of the robbery. Posses were quickly organized and sent in all directions.

The populace is greatly excited over the daring outrage, and the robbers will not stand a ghost of a chance of escaping alive, if captured.

Campbell was brought to Altoona on the express. He is desperately wounded, there being fifteen bullet wounds in his face, head and body. Two shots pierced his right lung, another hit him in the mouth, and two struck his forehead. Just as the train left Portage bearing Campbell, his assistant, Hays, was brought into town. He died before he could be placed on the train. Hays was terribly wounded in the head and chest, five shots piercing his lungs.

Campbell, who is 36 years old, is one of the best known mining experts in the central Pennsylvania field. The robbery was committed by persons who knew of the paymaster's regular trips to Portage every two weeks for the money to pay his men.

CHILD SCARED TO DEATH.

Wild Rampage of a Man Afflicted With Epilepsy.

Philadelphia, (Special).—Seized with a fit of violent epilepsy, Joseph Heiser went on a rampage through Andalusia, on the Bristol pike, on Monday afternoon. He frightened a little girl to death, terrorized the barroom of the Red Lion Inn, smashed furniture at his home and ended by throttling a motorman on a passing trolley car, who finally succeeded in overpowering Heiser and turned him over to the police.

The body of six-year-old Marian Rankin lies in a small casket in the parlor of her parents' home, on the Red Lion road, the victim of Heiser's dementia. The child had always stood in terror of Heiser, and she fled in fright to her mother whenever she saw him.

When Heiser, waving his arm wildly in the air and screaming at the top of his voice, ran toward her in front of the Rankin home the little girl started to escape from him, but before she had gone a dozen feet she was overcome with terror and fell dead in the roadway. Heiser, who has during the spring and summer months been employed as a farmhand, has been subject to epileptic fits, but never before have they taken a violent form.

Templars' Gift to King Edward.

San Francisco, Cala., (Special).—The California Knights Templar are preparing a gift for King Edward of England in appreciation of the honor conferred upon the Californians in sending a personal representative with the delegation of the highest officers of the great priory of England and Wales to attend the conclave at San Francisco. The souvenir consists of a volume of the history of the conclave, especially bound and ornamented for the King.

For Uniform Corporation Laws.

Nashville, Tenn. (Special)—Through the efforts of Secretary of State, John W. Morton, an arrangement has been made whereby representatives of states and territories will meet in St. Louis, September 2. The object is to discuss ways and means for securing a uniform law incorporation charter and kindred matters. The bureau of corporations of the department of commerce and labor will send a representative.

Gallows Trap Would Not Work.

Uniontown, Pa., (Special).—John Jackson, colored, was hanged here for the murder of Jack Kinney, also colored, whom he killed near Connellsville, June 30, 1903, in a quarrel over a game of craps. The trap refused to work and for five minutes the condemned man stood with the black cap on his head while the spring was being adjusted. Death resulted from dislocation of the neck.

VON PLEHVE MURDERED

Russian Minister of Interior Victim of Assassin.

THREW BOMB AT HIS CARRIAGE.

Assassin, a Young Finn, Is in Hospital Dangerously Wounded by Fragments of His Own Missile—Widespread Anarchist Plot Suspected and Numerous Arrests Made—St. Petersburg Shaken by Tragedy.

St. Petersburg, (By Cable).—M. Von Plehve, minister of the interior, was assassinated at 9.50 o'clock A. M., by a bomb thrown at his carriage while he was driving to the Baltic Station to take a train for the palace at Peterhof, where he was to make his weekly report to the Emperor.

The assassination is believed to be the outcome of a widespread plot, the existence of which has been suspected for several days.

Numerous arrests have already been made, including that of the assassin, a young man who is believed to be a Finn named Leglo and who is now in a hospital severely and perhaps fatally injured by the explosion of his own bomb.

An accomplice of Leglo, also apparently a Finn, but whose name is unknown, has been arrested. He had in his possession a bomb which he tried to throw, but he was overpowered by the police just in time to prevent great loss of life.

As Minister of Justice Muravieff was driving to the Petershof palace to report to Emperor Nicholas the assassination of Minister of the Interior von Plehve, stones were thrown at him and his carriage windows were broken. The identity of the minister's assailants has not yet been discovered.

M. von Plehve's assassin wore a brown overcoat and a railroad official's cap. He stood on the sidewalk, just as Minister von Plehve's carriage was about to cross the canal bridge near the station. The minister was escorted by a number of detectives on bicycles, and one of them jostled the assassin, who then rushed into the road and threw the bomb after the carriage.

The missil struck the hind wheel and exploded with fearful force, killing or wounding over a score of persons. Minister von Plehve and his coachman were killed outright, and an officer of the guard was fatally injured.

One of the cyclist detectives arrested the assassin, who endeavored to escape, though wounded by splinters in the face, arm and abdomen. He made no attempt at resistance, however, when seized by the detective, and confessed his crime, but refused to give his name.

The police immediately after the explosion arrested a suspicious individual, who took refuge in a hotel opposite the scene of the tragedy. He carried a bomb similar to that thrown by Leglo. As soon as the police saw the bomb they scattered, but an employe of the hotel rushed up behind the accomplice and pinned his arms.

The explosive is believed to have been composed of pyroxlin, as it gave off little smoke. The force of the explosion was so terrific that it not only broke every window within a radius of half a mile but reduced the heavy paving stones to powder, heaved up the pavement and flung a heavy piece of the ironwork of the carriage across the canal, severing the thick mast of a barge, which fell, stunning the captain of the vessel. Everybody in the street was knocked down and more or less bruised.

When the officers of the law, headed by Minister of Justice Muravieff, had terminated the necessary formalities by drawing up a written report of the crime, the mangled remains of the minister of the interior were conveyed to a humble chapel adioining the station, the windows of which miraculously escaped destruction.

The priests and people, with characteristic Russian piety, at once joined in a solemn requiem. The square in front of the station was filled with a reverent crowd of peasants and laborers, and the busy hum of traffic was silenced.

A priest proclaimed "the eternal memory of the departed servant Wenceslas," while all those in the congregation dropped to their knees.

A no less impressive service was conducted in the minister's stately residence in the evening, to which only intimate friends were invited by M. von Plehve's assistant, M. Durnovo, who is temporarily in charge of the ministry of the interior.

The magnificent staircase and the reception rooms were draped in black. The body of the minister was completely covered by a white shroud, which concealed the ghastly mutilations. It reposed in a black and silver casket in the corner of the vast hall, surrounded by luxuriant palms. Gendarmerie and non-commissioned officers stood sentinel at the head of the casket, while at its foot were two high officials of the ministry.

A special edition of the Official Messenger which was distributed late in the afternoon contained only a brief announcement of the death of M. von Plehve and the intimation that an official requiem would be conducted.

The Emperor, who was at the Villa Alexandria, at Peterhof, was greatly affected by the news, coming, as it did, atop of the bad tidings from the seat of war and fears of international complications. The Emperor almost broke down when he was informed of the minister's murder.

FINANCIAL.

Chandler Bros. & Co. say: "We still expect to see higher prices."

Morgan brokers say United States Steel preferred should sell 10 points higher.

The Westinghouse Company's $4,000,000 new 5 per cent. notes were all sold in a day.

A bond house of Philadelphia has issued a circular letter quoting 500 street railway bonds.

Wheat exports this week were 1,281,000 bushels, against 2,781,000 for the same week last year.

BRITIAN MAKES DEMANDS.

Russian Government Must Apologize and Salute British Flag.

London, (By Cable).—The British Government has sent instructions to Sir Charles Hardinge, the British Ambassador to Russia, to energetically protest against the sinking of the British steamer Knight Commander by the Russian Vladivostok squadron.

Until the presentation of the note to the Russian Government the greatest secrecy will be maintained regarding its contents, but it is known that Premier Balfour and his colleagues have decided to demand that the fullest reparation shall be made by Russia or measures will be taken to follow up the diplomatic demands.

The British note, as Sir Charles Hardinge will submit it, will not mention the amount of indemnity Russia must pay the owners of the ship and the British subjects having goods on board the vessel, but all that will be sought will be the establishment of a principle of indemnity and apology. A salute of the British flag must also be conceded and the future protection of neutral shipping assured.

That the Government regards the sinking of the Knight Commander as a breach of international law was confirmed by Premier Balfour in the House of Commons.

A lengthy meeting of the defense committee took place, under the presidency of Premier Balfour, at which the Attorney General, Sir Robert Finlay, was present. The Attorney General does not usually attend these meetings, but it was stated that the questions at issue between Russia and Great Britain were under discussion, and that Sir Robert was called in to advise as to the questions of international law.

The attitude of the British Government is the result of the thorough consideration given to the reports received from Sir Claude MacDonald, the British Minister at Tokio, and the examination of international law authorized by legal experts. The dispatches received from Sir Claude MacDonald confirm the reports that the Knight Commander had no contraband of war on board for Japan. The Government and all the British authorities, it is asserted, unite on the point that there was no justification for the sinking of the vessel.

It is felt in Government circles that the Knight Commander incident overshadows the Red sea seizures, which practically have been adjusted.

In the light of the declaration of the Russian Government respecting contraband of war, made three weeks after hostilities commenced, no representations have been made by Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador, to Foreign Secretary Landsdowne regarding the Knight Commander, the Ambassador not having received advices from St. Petersburg on the subject, nor is it seen by the Russian diplomats how it is possible for their Government to make a prompt answer to the British demands.

It is not known when the Vladivostok squadron will return to port. The commander of the squadron, it is pointed out, unquestionably seized the papers of the vessel, including her manifest, and, therefore, will be able to present reasons to show why he sank the ship, and with these reasons in their possession the Russian authorities will be able to complete their answer to the British representations.

In the opinion of these diplomats, the cargo, or at least a portion of the cargo, of the Knight Commander included contraband of war under the Russian declaration.

Attention is specifically called to the feature of the declaration saying that "neutral ships with contraband of war of any sort can, according to circumstances, be not only seized, but also confiscated." If the ship can be confiscated, it is contended, she can be sunk as well.

While Russia holds that her declaration has never been seriously questioned, the British authorities claim that the British Ambassador at St. Petersburg first specifically reserved the rights of his Government in case of an emergency arising, and, later, filed objections against the various provisions of the declaration. The United States also reserved her rights when acknowledging the receipt of the Russian declaration.

The British authorities are persistent in their desire to induce the United States to make a declaration in respect to the policy it proposes to pursue in the matter of the protection of commerce, but nothing has yet been done so far as known here.

KUROPATKIN TELLS OF BATTLES.

How the Japanese Turned Both Flanks of the Russians.

St. Petersburg, (By Cable).—The following dispatch from General Kuropatkin, dated July 25, has been received by the Emperor:

"Reconnaissances carried out daily of late between Kaichou and Siakhotan showed the summits of the heights north of Kaichou to be strongly occupied and fortified. At 5 in the morning July 23, the enemy, two divisions strong, assumed the offensive. Along the line of outposts to the south the enemy developed a division of infantry, concentrating his main body toward Datchapu, 12 miles north of Kaichou, and keeping his cavalry on our left flank near the railroad. His advance was effected slowly and at intervals was accompanied by a heavy fire from 30 guns, which our rear-guard batteries successfully answered. The Japanese fire at first was directed at the heights, which gradually were evacuated by our outposts. Our sharpshooters with the rear guard opened fire upon the advancing Japanese infantry, and at a favorable moment Colonel Lesch withdrew our rear guard to a new position at Datchapu, and our batteries, which had several times changed their positions, continued the duel with the enemy's artillery, also firing into the infantry columns.

FARM AND GARDEN

VARIETIES AND PLANTING.

Newer kinds of potatoes are introduced every year, and many experiments have been conducted at the several stations with the view of discovering remedies for diseases, modes of planting, characteristics of seed and varieties, etc., with the result of much valuable information being disseminated every year. In one of the Government bulletins is was stated that the best soil for potatoes is a rich, sandy loam, well drained and which is abundantly supplied with vegetable matter. Green manures and fertilizers are consequently very suitable for a crop. It is better not to grow potatoes on the same land every year but alternate with other crops. Fertilizer should be applied to the previous crop, rather than on the potato land. The preparation of the land should be deep and thorough, and the fertilizers consist of nitrate of soda, superphosphate and sulphate of potash. Planting depends on the climate, but should be done, if possible, so as to bring the period when the average rainfall is ample. On mellow soil from three to five inches deep is best for planting, especially if the season is dry, but on earlier crops, or in soils that bake, the depth may be less. Harrow well before the plants are up, as level culture has given the best results. Seed may be cut a few days before planting without injury, and New England seed has proved superior to that grown in this section. The eyes on the seed end are the first to germinate, hence are best for an early crop. The yield from planting the seed or bud end is generally greater than from the stem or butt end of the tuber. Exposing unsprouted tubers in a warm place before planting hastens growth, but if continued until sprouts form (which are rubbed off) the yield may be considerably reduced. It is better to cut the pieces of seed into uniform sizes, and which a definite number of eyes, than to cut them indiscriminately as to sizes, and two or three eyes should be the quota for each piece.

A COMFORTABLE COOP.

We must not forget to provide suitable quarters for the hen with her brood of chickens. Various and curious is the collection of contrivances for enclosing the mother hen. Empty half barrels set upright with alternate staves on one side cut to allow chicks to run out and back; boxes of numerous kinds; "A" shaped coops and other devices are in use. Sometimes the hen is left to find any shelter that she can. A coop two feet square, two feet high in front, one and one-half feet at the back with a single pitch roof produces a safe and economical home for the mother hen and her little flock. The front of the coop has a slatter door or a frame door covered with one inch mesh wire netting. A shutter hinged at top may be provided for protecting the front of the coop at night and during bad weather. It may be fastened up for shading the front of the coop when the sunshine is too hot. If cats or hawks are likely to disturb the chickens a connecting yard at one or both sides of the coop, one foot high, two wide and three or six feet long, enclosed and covered with wire netting will keep in the chicks and exclude their enemies. Both coop and yard-frame should be made of light lumber so as to be readily moved to fresh ground. They must be placed where the chicks can keep dry under foot. An excellent plan is to place several coops for hens near together, letting the chicks intermingle from the first.—John M. Kester, in The Epitomist.

DEEP AND SHALLOW PLOWING.

The finer the condition of the soil the easier the facilities allowed the plants for feeding, and the greater the feeding room the greater the quantity of roots, which are essential during times of drought and lack of moisture, to say nothing of the vigorous growth and rapid progress of the corn by reason of its greater root surface. Many controversies regarding deep and shallow plowing would perhaps find an amicable solution if the nature of the soil and method of plowing were considered in exact relation to each other Some farmers have found deep plowing highly advantageous, especially on clay soils, simply because the roots were permitted to search through a larger quantity of soil for food, and also to more easily procure moisture from below as well as though absorption of moisture by the soil. Other farmers have found deep plowing highly advantagable especially on light soils which assist in the establishment of a greater mass of roots near the surface while the porocity of the soil and its light nature enable the corn to go downward as easily as may be desired.

BREEDING CORN.

Much has been said and written of late in regard to the improvement of corn by selection of seed, and there is no doubt that by proper breeding the corn can be greatly increased independently of the improvement of the soil. But both should go hand in hand. Most of the so-called corn breeders give a great deal of attention to the character of the ear and grain, and these are important points But the breeding of any plant that looks simply to the improvement of a single feature of the plant can never be successful as one that takes the whole plant into consideration In breeding corn one must know what his particular section needs. If he is in the region of short season and early frost, he must take earliness of the plant into serious consideration, as well as its productiveness. If he is in the South where he has time enough to mature any variety of corn, he need give attention only to the character of the plant and its productiveness.

FIND CALVES NOW.

People in buying a place will refuse one without a spring to keep their milk in; yet they make no preparation for it in the winter. It freezes or not as it happens; they save the strippings and keep them in a hot place and churn in a five gallon churn for two or three hours and then get a white puffy mass they call butter. They let the children do the milking and wonder how I can have butter and milk all winter. In the first place our cow finds her calf in July or August and then she is good for all winter; then when other people's cows are going dry (in eight or nine months,) here comes grass so she gives milk all the year. In the winter I have a little cupboard fixed under the chimney (or flue) and it keeps about the same temperature and is just right. I keep four jars setting and skim the oldest (unless sweet milk is wanted) in a half gallon jar, and when that's full I churn all cream. The butter comes in a few minutes. I make enough for our family of three and two other families, and I know there is no use going without milk and butter in the winter—Mrs. E. J. Holland, The Epitomist.

TO HALTER A HOG.

To tie a hog is one of the most difficult things in the hog raiser's experience. To tie by the leg requires a rope or strap to be drawn up so tight as to cause pain if not real injury. Now try this plan: take a horse halter, slip over the hog's head stall securely around the hog just back of fore legs, and you have him safely haltered, and in a way he cannot hurt himself. Then holding the strap and walking behind you can readily drive it anywhere desired—Lewis S. Alter, in The Epitomist.

THE ONE-HORSE PLOW

Having the ideal corn plant, the next important thing in the production of big crops is the preparation of the land, the feeding of the crop. The one-horse plow has been the cause of more poor crop than any one other thing. The gullies in hill have been largely due to the scratch plowing of the past. The shallow plowed soil fills with water and runs off on the hard soil below and a gully is started and is annually enlarged by the frosts of winter. We need deeper breaking of the soil to enable it to hold more water for the crop and to withstand droughts and to prevent washing.—Progressive Farmer.

FARM NOTES.

In selecting a good milker the udder should be large and capacious, but it need not only be fleshy. It should be broad and reach well forward.

To a very considerable extent, and on consequent profitableness of the flocks.

Uusually it is not good economy to turn the horses in the pastures all night They will rarely secure the rest they need from the work during the day.

There is no feed that is more digestible than gluton food, but if too much is fed it makes soft butter. From two to four pounds a day may be fed without fear of this.

Wait until there is fair bite of grass before turning the cows out, and then give them two hours a day on pasture for a few days, with good clover and a grain ration for the remainder of their feed.

It is better to cut seed potatoes a few days before they are planted, in order to give the surfaces time to dry. It is also a good plan to expose seed potatoes to the light for a few days before planting.

Success or failure of the poultry season depends upon the days and nights now passing.

Don't forget lime and gravel. Both are necessary in the poultry yard.

Be sure of clean water for the chicks and keep their roosting places clean.

Feed coops are very necessary to keep the large chicks and fowls from tramping the little ones to death.

When a polar bear is killed by an Eskimo, it is customary to cut off the animal's nose and throw it on the ice. If he failed to do this, it is the popular belief that he would have bad luck. This is the reason why nearly all the skins of polar bears are mutilated at the point about the snout.

A Japanese private soldier is paid 70 cents a month; a major general is paid $131 a month.

"Don't Marry Through Pity."

By Beatrice Fairfax.

IT has been said, "Of all the paths that lead to a woman's love, pity's the straightest." This may be true as regards maternal, platonic, or protective love, but it is not true in respect to the love a woman feels for the man who is to her the one man of all the world.

Pity arouses all that is best in woman, tenderness, gentleness, sympathy; but I doubt if many women fall in love through pity. They generally fall in love because they can't help themselves—because some force stronger than they compels them.

To really love a man a woman must feel that he is stronger than she in every way; when she pities him she at once assumes the leading part.

A woman sometimes marries a man through pity; she persuades herself that she loves him; that he needs her, and that she can be of service to him.

The love that many women feel for their husbands is of the maternal order, and of its kind it is a very good love; but it is not the highest deepest love, the love which glorifies the whole earth simply because two people dwell on it.

A certain element of pity mingles in all love, but it is the result of love, not the forerunner. With real love comes a passion of tenderness that is half pity, half fierce protectiveness and wholly love.

Some women marry through pity and because they are in love with being loved. Marriages of this kind are risky, as pity grows monotonous, and love must give as well as take.

Pity is a beautiful quality, and the woman in whose breast it does not slumber is a strange anomaly.

Of course there are exceptions to every rule, and pity does occasionally lead to love. We hear of hospital nurses falling in love with men whom they have nursed through serious illness. Their pity and sympathy have been stirred, and they have grown to love their patients. This love is apt to last because it has taken root and thrived in the most adverse circumstances.

These is only one thing to marry for, and that is love. Do not mistake pity for love. Do not think because you feel sorry for a man that you can marry him and live happily with him. The very thing that arouses your pity may be the stumbling block to your happiness.

To pity a person is to acknowledge a certain amount of failure in him, and when the pity wears out it is quite likely that the love that grew from it will wear out, too.—New York Journal.

Raising Squabs For Market.

By K. V. St. M.

FOR the country woman who must increase her income, and has little capital, there is nothing so good and easy as raising squabs for market. Fifteen pairs of good homing pigeons will cost thirty dollars, and if none are sold for the first eight weeks, in eight months there will be forty-five pairs of breeders, which will yield sixty squabs a month, easily sold to private customers at fifty cents each (even a commissionman gives upward of four dollars a dozen), so that receipts could not fall below fifteen dollars. By gradually increasing breeders—keeping some of the extras—a weekly income of ten dollars would result in eighteen months, and only the leisure time incidental to household duties called upon.

Pigeons are very easily cared for when kept in a house, with yards, netted top and sides attached. Thirty minutes' time night and morning to clean is all fifty pairs of birds would need. A self-feeding box gives the birds access to grain at all times. The old birds attend entirely to the squabs until thirty days old—market-time. Fifteen days after the first two youngsters are hatched the female makes a second nest and lays two more eggs, which require eighteen days to incubate. All the year round, save at molting time, each pair is attending two families.

Any old house on the farm which is rain and wind proof will serve if the inside is fitted with tiers of egg boxes to hold earthenware nests (one dollar a dozen). Each pair of breeders require two nests each. Put a bundle of cut straw or hay in a corner of the house, a good drinking fountain and the feed box, and in the yard a shallow water pan for bathing purposes. Grit and rock salt in unlimited quantities are absolutely necessary. Remember, outlay is estimated at the highest, results at the lowest, figures. Avoid common pigeons, as they raise only four thin, dark-skinned pairs that won't bring two dollars a dozen.—Woman's Home Companion.

Western America vs. Eastern Asia.

By H. W. Scott.

THAT great changes are taking place in the currents of Pacific Ocean commerce, to be followed fast by still greater, is rapidly becoming manifest. Increasing productions in our own Pacific States require Oriental markets, and is finding them. Railroad development both in America and in Asia, and increasing use of steam on the ocean, are effecting great changes in the courses of the trade of all countries in touch with the Pacific. More than fifty steamships now sail regularly from the ports of California, Oregon, and Washington to ports in Asia or in the great Pacific Islands and of "tramp" steamers and sail-vessels a continually growing fleet. Between ports of British Columbia and ports of Asia, Australia, and New Zealand there is similar movement. It includes not only the local commerce between countries that border on the greatest of oceans, but carries also a heavy trade from the Orient by railway across America to our Eastern States, and even to Europe, from West to East over the Atlantic.

Everything favors the growth of this commerce to very large proportions. There is promise of development of an international commerce on the Pacific which, within the next half-century, may rival that on the Atlantic. For the active theatre of the world's new effort is now eastern Asia and western America. The two hemispheres, heretofore scarcely at all in communication except across the Atlantic, are now rapidly developing an intercourse over the Pacific, which is to effect large transformation, or at least to become a great additional factor, in the commerce of the world.—The Century.

The Necessity for Content in Work.

By President Charles W. Eliot.

THE winning of satisfaction and content in daily work is the most fundamental of all objects for an industrial democracy. Unless this satisfaction and content can be habitually won on an immense scale, the hopes and ideals of democracy cannot be realized. Therefore, joy in work should be the all-pervading subject of the industrial discussion; for it is at once motive, guide, and goal. It is only in the less skilfull employments of mankind, which are also the commonest, that any question arises concerning the possibility of satisfaction and content in daily work. All the nobler employments give much pleasure. Every professional man, every business man, and, indeed, every person in whose occupation there is free competitive play for intelligence and judgment, takes pleasure, or joy, or satisfaction in his daily work; and his interest in his work does not depend principally on the amount of pay he receives for it. He gets from it a large satisfaction independent of, and in addition to, its pecuniary returns. The real question, then, is whether the satisfactions of the higher employments can be measurably obtained in the lower. On the right solution of this problem depends the whole future of the industrial democracy; for there can be no public happiness without content and satisfaction from the daily work of the masses of mankind.—World's Work.

The Claims of the Individual.

It is one of the confusing elements of modern society that anarchism, socialism, science, and free thought are producing heroes and martyrs to set beside those of the definitely religious sects. There is apparently no school of thought or ethics with a monopoly of holiness. Somewhere in the mean of all these conflicting theories lies the germ of truth fitted for mortal understanding, but mean time individualism is unquestionably safe in its assertion that no society, no oragnization, no consolidation whatsoever is nobler than the individuals that compose it, and that the development of the individual, not by the stunting processes of fear, but by the strengthening processes of freedom, is the first duty of man.—Harper's Weekly.

A Wonderful Jewel.

The most extraordinary pearl—or rather clusters of pearls—known as "The Southern Cross," is owned by a syndicate of Australian gentlemen, who value it at $500,000. So far as is known it occupies an absolute position. It consists of nine pearls, naturally grown together in so regular a manner as to form a perfect Latin cross. The pearl was discovered by a pearl-fisher at Roebourne, West Australia. The first owner regarded it with so much superstition that he buried it; but it was discovered in 1874, and five years later was placed on exhibition in Australia.—Detroit News-Tribune.

Perignon, the butler of a monastery near Epernay, in France, is said to have first made champagne successfully in 1643.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

Time Table in Effect May 29, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD

7.38 A. M. Train 64. Week days for Sunbury Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m. New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.30 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.24 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.58 a. m. Baltimore 9.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.19 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.28 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m. Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M. Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 P. M. Train 1. Week days for Renovo Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Week Days.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD		
12	8	2	STATIONS.	1	7	11
P.M.	P. M	A M	Ar. Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	1 10	8 45	....Bellefonte....	6 30	10 30	4 [illegible]
6 20	1 02	8 40	.....Coleville.....	6 37	10 37	4 [illegible]
6 16	12 58	8 37	.....Morris.....	6 40	10 42	4 [illegible]
6 10	12 54	8 33	.....Whitmer.....	6 44	10 47	4 [illegible]
6 05	12 49	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 50	10 53	4 [illegible]
6 02	12 46	8 28	.....Fillmore.....	6 53	10 56	4 [illegible]
5 57	12 41	8 24	.....Brally.....	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	.....Waddle.....	7 05	11 05	4 51
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 56	12 26	8 07	... Krumrine....	7 17	11 20	5 02
5 23	12 24	8 04	.....Struble.....	7 20	11 24	5 06
5 31	12 22	8 02	.....Inn.....	7 26	11 28	5 09
5 30	12 20	8 00	State College.	7 30	11 50	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No 7 for State College. Afte noon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penn's R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

F. H. THOMAS, Superintendent

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.			June 15, 1904.	Read Up.		
No. 1	No3	No5		No6	No4	No2
A.M.	P M	P M	Lv. Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 00	2 30	6 40	BELLEFONTE	9 35	5 10	9 35
7 11	2 41	6 51	Nigh	9 22	4 57	9 22
7 16	2 46	6 56	Zion	9 16	4 51	9 16
7 23	2 53	7 03	Hecla Park	9 10	4 45	9 10
7 25	2 55	7 05	Dunkles	9 08	4 42	9 07
7 29	2 59	7 09	HUBLERSBURG	9 04	4 38	9 03
7 35	3 05	7 14	Snydertown	9 02	4 34	8 59
7 35	3 05	7 16	Nittany	8 59	4 31	8 56
7 37	3 07	7 19	Huston	8 57	4 28	8 53
7 41	3 11	7 23	LAMAR	8 54	4 25	8 50
7 43	3 13	7 25	Clintondale	8 51	4 22	8 47
7 47	3 17	7 29	Krider's Spring	8 47	4 18	8 43
7 51	3 21	7 33	Mackeyville	8 43	4 14	8 [illegible]
7 57	3 27	7 39	Cedar Springs	8 37	4 07	8 37
8 00	3 30	7 42	Salona	8 35	4 05	8 35
8 05	3 35	7 47	MILL HALL	8 30	4 00	8 25
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)						
11 45		8 38	.....Jersey Shore.....	3 16		7 40
12 20		9 10	Arr. Williamsport Lve	2 40		7 10
12 29		11 30	Lve. Williamsport Arr.	2 25		6 55
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)						
7 30		6 50	PHILA.	8 36	11 30	
10 40		9 02	NEW YORK	4 25	7 30	
(Via Philad.)						
P. M.		A. M.		A. M.	P. M	
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00		
(Via Tamaqua)						

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week Days.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.	
P.M.	A.M.		STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M
1 38	5 40		Montandon	9 15	4 35
1 48	6 30		Lewisburg	9 05	4 25
1 55	6 38		Hehl	8 58	4 18
2 00	6 42		Vicksburg	8 53	4 14
2 08	6 50		Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06
2 20	7 02		Millmont	8 33	3 54
2 28	7 09		Glen Iron	8 26	3 46
2 59	7 40		Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 17
3 10	7 50		Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57		Zerby	7 43	3 02
3 26	8 05		Rising Springs	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11		Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18		Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24		Gregg	7 17	2 36
3 52	8 31		Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56	8 35		Oak Hall	7 06	2 25
4 00	8 39		Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04	8 43		Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52		Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55		Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00		Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.22 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.46 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

TWO DAGGERS WITH HISTORIES.

One for Which Senator Quay Would Have Traded His.

Senator Quay of Pennsylvania was a collector of Indian relics and took great interest also in autographs, coins and stamps. Often, though, he ridiculed, good naturedly, collectors' hobbies.

He was showing a reporter his Indian robes one day. The young man took up a curious antique dagger that lay on a buhl table.

"This dagger must be very old," he said. "Has it a history?"

"It has indeed," said Senator Quay. "It is the dagger that Macbeth thought he saw. A descendant of Macbeth gave it to me in Scotland several years ago."

Senator Quay smiled. "There is only one dagger I would trade this for, and that is a dagger that used to hang on the wall in Alphonse Karr's study," he said.

"Karr, in one of his stories, had poked a good deal of fun at a woman named Colet. Mme. Colet, enraged at being made a butt of, stabbed Karr He, on his recovery, hung the dagger she had stabbed him with above his desk, with this inscription beneath it: "'Presented to Alphonse Karr—by Mme. Colet—in the back.'"

Spring Mills Hotel

SPRING MILLS, PA.
PHILIP DRUMM, Prop.

First-class accommodations at all times for both man and beast. Free bus to and from all trains Excellent Livery attached. Table board first-class. The best liquors and wines at the bar.

Centre Hall Hotel

CENTRE HALL, PA.
JAMES W. RUNKLE, Prop.

Newly equipped. Bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders given special attention. Healthy locality Beautiful scenery Within three miles of Penns Cave, a most beautiful subterranean cavern; entrance by a boat Well located for hunting and fishing.

Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains

Old Fort Hotel

ISAAC SHAWVER, Proprietor.

P.O.—Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.

Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

Penn's Valley Banking Company

CENTRE HALL, PA.

W. B. MINGLE, Cashier

Receives Deposits . .

Discounts Notes . . .

Hotel Haag

BELLEFONTE, PA.
F. A. NEWCOMER, Prop.

Heated throughout. Fine Stabling.

RATES, $1.00 PER DAY.

Special preparations for Jurors, Witnesses, and any persons coming to town on special occasions. Regular boarders well cared for.

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CLEMENT DALE

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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Special Effort made to Accommodate Commercial Travelers.....

D. A. BOOZER
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BARGAINS!

The readers of this paper are constantly upon the alert to ascertain where goods can be purchased at the lowest prices, and if a merchant does not advertise and keep the buyer conversant with his line of goods, how can he expect to sell them?

THINK OVER THIS!

'THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1904.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, evening.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning; Union, afternoon; Georges Valley, evening.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning and evening.

United Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall; evening.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

100,000 Shingles for Sale.

Messrs. Brisbin & Bradford, of Centre Hall, offer for sale 100,000 shingles, all grades and kinds.

World's Fair Excursions.

Low-rate ten-day coach excursions via Pennsylvania Railroad, August 3, 10, 17, 24, and 31. Rate, $15.95 from Centre Hall. Train leaves Centre Hall 8:18 A. M., connecting with special train from New York arriving St. Louis 4:15 P. M. next day.

The Howard Cannery.

The Howard cannery is in operation. The first run was two thousand cans of string beans, which work, according to the Hustler was performed in several hours. It is estimated that one hundred farmers are cultivating an average of four acres planted to crops for canning purposes.

Meeting of Centre Co. Pomona Grange.

The third quarterly meeting of the Centre County Pomona Grange will be held in the hall of Washington Grange, near State College, on Friday, August 26th. Session opens at 9.30 a. m. and continues during the day. All members of the order are cordially invited.

GEO. DALE, Master.
D. M. CAMPBELL, Sec.

Now its a "5."

It will take a "5" in the Reporter label to put the majority of the Reporter readers a year in advance. Fives have been bought up right along by Reporter subscribers, and in order to make patrons feel entirely free to buy, it is announced that there is a "5" lying back for every subscriber whose label shows a figure of less denomination than the popular one [5] mentioned.

The Sick.

Mrs. Flora O. Bairfoot is confined to bed and is suffering from a severe attack of quinsy.

Mrs. Boal, wife of Rev. J. W. Boal, has been ill since Saturday.

Mrs. Gress, whose condition for a week was very critical, is gradually improving. Baby Gress is doing splendidly.

John Bare, who was threatened with lockjaw as a result of blood poisoning, is on the mend.

The College Exhibit.

President Atherton, Agricultural Experiment Station Director P. H. Armsby, and Prof. Butz, of Pennsylvania State College, have written the management of the Patron's Exhibition that they will arrange to have an exhibit on the grounds, and that it will be fully up to its high standard of excellence.

The College exhibit has always been one of great interest to those attending the encampment and tends to bring the average agriculturist into closer touch with the State's great educational institution.

Trial List.

The following is the trial list for the August term of court, beginning Monday, August 22:

J. D. Shugert's executors, vs. Lewis Rosenthal; appeal.

J. H. Lingle, vs. Lewis Rosenthal; appeal.

Thomas F. Brungart, vs. Morgan Lucas' administrators; Sci. Fa. Sur. Mortgage.

W. S. Tripple's estate use, vs. A. S. Valentine's administrator; Sci. Fa. Sur Mortgage.

Harrisburg Grocery Produce Co., vs. C. P. Long; appeal.

Progress Grange Program.

The following is the program for the Progress Grange meeting to be held August 6th, at 2 p. m.:

A talk on the geological formation of Centre county—Prof. H. F. Bitner, Millersville Normal School.

Instrumental music—Bertha Strohmeier.

What can Progress Grange do to assist our Encampment and Grange Fair?—James A. Keller.

Recitation—Mrs. David Bradford.

Should persons who are habitually addicted to the use of vulgar and profane language be permitted to teach our public schools?—Fergus Potter.

State Librarian Montgomery Speaks.

A note from State Librarian Thomas L. Montgomery to the secretary of Progress Grange reads thus:

"I have received a clipping from the "Reporter" which has given me a great deal of pleasure. In it it is stated that the Grange has opened its library for the use of the public. This seems to me to be a public spirited act and cannot fail to have good effect in increasing the use of the literature sent it by the State, by the people at large. If I can in any way increase the effectiveness of this library it will give me great pleasure."

WALLACE WALKER'S LOSS BY FIRE.

Barn and Contents Destroyed Near Rebersburg.

Monday evening at about eight o'clock the barn on the farm belonging to and occupied by Wallace Walker was struck by lightning and burned. The stock was all released except one calf and one pig, which it is believed the lightning killed. The wagons, hay rake, riding cultivator and binder were burned. The barn was well filled with hay and two loads of grain had been hauled in.

By great efforts the dwelling house and summer house were saved from destruction.

The buildings were insured in the Anville fire insurance company.

Focht Beaten.

After dodging the Republican conference of the Northumberland-Union-Snyder Senatorial district for two months, Press Muzzler Benjamin K. Focht, of Lewisburg, was defeated by ex-Representative Fred C. Godcharles, of Milton, for renomination for State Senator.

Pattison and The Grange.

Ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison, while in and out of office, had a kind feeling for the agricultural class and their organization, especially the Grange. Bearing this good feeling in mind, the flag on the Grange Arcadia was placed at half mast when the announcement of the ex-governor's death was received.

Henry Campbell Dead.

Ex-Commissioner Henry Campbell died at his home in Ferguson township Tuesday forenoon. Interment took place this (Thursday) forenoon in Fairbrook cemetery, Rev. Edgar Heckman officiating. He was born June 6, 1842. Mr. Campbell was a prominent man in his community, and in 1883 was elected by the Republicans commissioner of this county. Later he became a Democrat.

He held various local offices, and was a director in the Grange fire insurance company. During the war he was a member of Company D, 148th Regiment, and was three times wounded.

LOCALS.

Margaret Jacobs is at State College.

For pasture after August 1st, apply to J. A. Sweetwood, Centre Hill.

Photographer W. W. Smith is in West Virginia, where he will remain for several weeks.

C. W. Swartz advertises cakes, wash machines and wringers. Read the adv. and remember the prices.

The large barn owned by Thompson Brothers, at Warriorsmark, was struck by lightning Monday and burned.

Mrs. Thomas Palmer and Miss Caroline McCloskey, of Potters Mills, last Thursday left for a visit to friends in Chicago.

Rev. Louis Robb, last Sunday, commemorated the fifteenth anniversary of his entrance into the ministry. Rev. Robb is pastor of the Trinity Reformed church, Altoona.

J. A. Sweetwood and Miss Elizabeth Alexander, of near Centre Hill, were callers last week. Mr. Sweetwood brought with him some samples of his mammoth timothy and oats.

Monday afternoon a terrific hail storm passed over the Seven Stars and Franklinville district, extending, in a less destructive form, into the west portion of Ferguson township. Crops were greatly damaged.

At a meeting of Progress Grange Saturday afternoon, Prof. H. F. Bitner will speak on the geological formation of Centre county, a subject which Prof. Bitner has given much thought and study. Every member of the grange should hear this talk.

Messrs. D. A. Boozer and Frank P. Geary, of this place, have made application to the department of fisheries for a consignment of frogs to be placed in the large pond constructed by the former above town. The conditions for frog culture at the point mentioned are ideal.

Roland C. Faust and family, of Altoona, visited friends and relatives about Potters Mills for several days, returning home Monday. Mr. Faust is employed as brakeman in the Altoona yards, and has been in Altoona during the past seven years. Before going home, Mr. Faust paid his respects to the Reporter office.

Dr. Austin Thomas, of the allopathic school, has located in Centre Hall and will be found at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Stump, on Main street, where he and Mrs. Thomas have secured rooms and boarding until a suitable house can be rented. Dr. Thomas is formerly from the state of Maine, which state he left on account of the severity of the climate.

W. R. Bray, wife and baby, of Freeland, Tuesday were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer. Mr. Bray is head of the Mining and Mechanical Institute at Freeland, an institution for the purpose of preparing young men for technical colleges. He was here to spend a part of a check for one hundred dollars given him by Mrs. Coxe, a supporter of the school named, in recognition of his faithful work. Mrs. Bray is a sister of Miss Rebecca J. Moyer.

THE NEW DORMITORY.

The College is Erecting a Handsome Building to Supply the Needs of the Present Large Student Enrollment.

The foundations of a new dining hall and dormitory are now well under way at Pennsylvania State College. If the work of construction is continued with the same energy the building should be completed before severe winter sets in. This dormitory is to accommodate approximately one hundred and fifty students in the sleeping rooms and will have facilities for seating nearly nine hundred people in the dining room. The plans show a family entrance for the convenience of such persons other than students who may wish to obtain table board at the building.

The materials of construction to be used are brick, terra-cotta, granite, and slate on the outside, and the style of architecture is such that this new equipment will be in entire harmony with the magnificent Auditorium and Library.

The interior is to be furnished in natural wood with plastered walls and ceilings. The students' rooms are very inviting with large windows and commodious closet room. The dining room is exceedingly large and should prove not only a great comfort to the students as a place wherein to dine, but will also be a fitting place for the Commencement dinners and other large gatherings of friends.

The heating and lighting will be furnished from the central plant at the Engineering Building and will be as perfect and modern as is possible. The arrangements in the kitchen, pantry, refrigerator, etc., are exceptional in their convenience and utility.

LOCALS.

A Missouri editor explains why Missouri stands at the head in raising mules, by saying it wouldn't be safe to stand at the other end.

From the best information at hand, the death of Mrs. Peter Smith was the first to occur on those premises.

D. J. Meyer has been suffering severely from sciatic rheumatism. Part of the time he was obliged to remain in bed.

Harry Kittleberger, of Curwensville, is the guest of the Bartholomew family, being a friend of Miss Anna Bartholomew.

Seventeen arrests were made in Williamsport for selling milk and cream that had been doctored with formaldehyde or boracic acid.

Miss Minnie Winkleman, of Nittany, the first graduate from the Lock Haven Hospital, a nurse of great skill, is taking care of Mrs. Gress.

Lou Dillon, the trotting mare, is believed to be out of danger. She suffered from a fever. Her owner would not part with her for any money.

Rev. S. H. Dietzel, of Maytown, filled the appointment in the Reformed church Sunday evening. The sermon received very favorable comment.

Merchant C. W. Swartz and family, of Tusseyville, were in town Saturday, and were traveling in a turnout that would be creditable to a first class city livery.

Ralph Boozer came home Saturday from the Williamson Free School of Mechanical Arts, and will remain during the vacation which continues until September.

Miss Lodie Shaffer, of Rebersburg, was the guest of Miss Bertha Strohmeier, for several days this week. She is the daughter of S. B. Shaffer, formerly Landlord of Old Fort Hotel.

The Free Press, of Lewistown, has changed hands, Clarence E. Hoffman, of Pleasantville, succeeding, as editor and proprietor, W. M. Lind. Mr. Lind was editor of the Press for seven years.

C. W. Smith, of Howard, last week spent some time with the Reporter. Mr. Smith has about perfected a railroad tie and it is his intention shortly to go to Washington to secure the proper patents.

From the Mifflinburg Telegraph: Paul Smith, of Rebersburg, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Wm. A. Heiss.—Mrs. Samuel Condo, of Spring Mills, recently visited friends in this place, returning home Monday.

I. Mervin Arney, living immediately west of Centre Hall, has been seriously ill since Sunday from the effects of a sun stroke. He is under the care of Dr. Alexander, who reports his condition slightly better each day.

Col. Edward R. Chambers as a member of the Governor's staff has received an invitation for himself and wife to accompany the Pennsylvania Commission to St. Louis to attend the Pennsylvania day exercises August 20.

Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Smith and daughter Julia, of Indianapolis, Indiana, came east last week to attend the funeral of the former's mother, Mrs. Peter Smith. After staying at Centre Hill for a week, they will return home.

According to the report State Chairman Hall has struck oil on one of his properties near Ridgway, after boring for some time. It is said that a fair flow was encountered and that the property is a promising one. The strike is the first to be made in Elk county.

DEATHS.

HEZEKIAH EWING.

Hezekiah Ewing, for many years one of Ferguson township's most prosperous farmers, died at his home in State College at eight o'clock Sunday evening of dysentery, after an illness of one week.

He was born at Graysville, sixty-six years ago, and most of his life was spent on his beautiful farm at Fairbrooke. Six years ago he retired from active work and purchased a residence at State College, where he has resided since.

He is survived by two sons and two daughters, and was a member of the Presbyterian church. The funeral took place Wednesday morning, Rev. Dennison officiating. Interment was made in Pine Hall cemetery.

HENRY GRIFFIN

Henry Griffin, of South Philipsburg, who for several years has been a sufferer of heart trouble and dropsy, died Wednesday of last week.

The deceased was aged about fifty-seven years. He was born at Stormstown, Centre county, but for twenty years has resided in Philipsburg or vicinity.

CHARLES PARKER.

The death of Charles Parker, aged eighty-five years, the third oldest citizen in Sugar Valley, occurred at his residence in Loganton, after an illness dating back two years, when he was stricken with paralysis. He is survived by a widow, one daughter and two sons.

LOCALS.

Mrs. Mary Shoop is ill from the effects of cholera morbus.

Mrs. Nelson A. Miles died at West Point, New York, Tuesday.

Ripka's "after harvest sale" advertisement tells you of deep cuts in prices on summer goods.

Thurman Tressler, of Linden Hall, accidentally discharged a revolver, the bullet striking his foot.

Rev. J. M. Rearick assisted in the installation of Rev. H. C. Bixler which took place Sunday at Rebersburg.

The board of trustees of Susquehanna University unanimously elected the Rev. Dr. John B. Focht president of the institution.

Commissioners Miller and Meyer, Prothonotary Gardner, Recorder Rowe and Sheriff H. S. Taylor and family were among the Bellefonte officials who attended the funeral of Jerry Condo.

George R. Meek has accepted the position of assistant cashier in the Centre County Banking Company. Mr. Meek, since he graduated from Pennsylvania State College, has played a prominent part in making the Democratic Watchman, owned by Hon. P. Gray Meek, an ideal newspaper, whether judged mechanically, editorially or from a local news point.

Rearick Brothers.

Rearick Brothers—Messrs. J. Paul and Roy Rearick—of Milroy, have purchased the furniture store and undertaking business from J. H. Krumbine. The new firm took possession Wednesday evening. The senior member will have charge of the business until fall, when the younger brother will also locate here.

The new firm is composed of sons of Mrs. Mary Rearick, in this place, and are young and well suited for the business, and the Reporter wishes them abundant success.

Mr. Krumbine, about September 1st, will locate at Vintondale, Cambria county, to engage in similar business

Pattison's Dead.

Robert E. Pattison, twice Governor of Pennsylvania, and the only Pennsylvanian of recent years seriously considered as a Presidential possibility, died Monday morning at 6:25 o'clock, at his home in Overbrook, near Philadelphia.

Marriage Licenses.

John Wm. Faucett, Ashville, N. C.
Henrietta E. Todd, Philipsburg.

D. Webster Bair, South Philipsburg.
Stella M. Byron, South Philipsburg.

Protesting that he is carrying out the policies of his lamented predecessor, President Roosevelt goes over, bag and baggage, to the "stand patters," throwing McKinley and reciprocity to the winds. In taking this line of action Mr. Roosevelt is inconsistent with himself as well as forgetful of his pledges. Such shifting and tergiversation cannot win for him a higher place in the popular estimation.

The Clearfield Republican remarks: Over in Centre county the friends of Ellis Orvis are enthusiastically claiming he will not have less than 1500 majority over Love. Why even in Rush township, where the Washburn-Hess wholesale was granted for political effect, Love cannot get anything like his party vote.

Charles F. Murphy, the leader of Tammany Hall, has returned to New York and assured the reporters that Tammany "will give Judge Parker our honest support." That goes without saying.

After Harvest Sale

Some weeks ago we made big cuts in the prices of our Summer Goods. Some, no doubt, were too busy to take advantage of this reduction. To fully clear up our stock for Fall and Winter Goods, we have still made

DEEPER CUTS IN SUMMER GOODS

Now is the time to buy these extra fine goods offered at such low prices. In exchange for any of our goods we will take Butter, Eggs, Lard, Bacon, Ham, Shoulders, Potatoes, Apples, Old and Young Chickens, Ducks, and Berries. For all this produce we pay highest market prices, and for some we pay a higher price than any other store in town.

As a further saving for Our Customers, we will sell . . . . .

For One Week Only, Beginning August 4th,

2 1-2 lbs. Good Loose Coffee (regular price 13c lb.) 25c.
5 lbs. Good Pea Beans (regular price 6c lb.) 25c.

TERMS—Strictly Cash or Produce.

OLD DUNCAN STAND.
SPRING MILLS, PA. **B. W. RIPKA.**

JOHN SMITH & BRO.
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Great Bargains for the Next Fifteen Days . . .

COUCHES
. . . and . . .
Rocking Chairs

All other Furniture, Carpets, Rugs--everything we deal in, at proportionately low prices.

Furniture & Undertaking
J. H. KRUMBINE
Centre Hall, Penn.

Finest Rugs for the Floor

Leather Rockers and Morris Chairs

Often settle the question as what to give as a present.

TABLES For the Parlor or Sitting Room

Until August 1st, we will make a SPECIAL SALE on BED ROOM SUITS and SIDEBOARDS.

Before you buy call on us

THE BEST SHOES

Thinking of Buying Shoes?

Here's Information for You. Yeager & Davis . . . . .

Have the most complete family Shoe Store in Centre county where every member of the family can find Variety, Style, Fit, Finish, Comfort, Price and General Satisfaction. We do not claim all and the only good shoe made, but we do have the very best to be had in the different grades and our prices are the lowest.

To prove the above we ask you to examine the list of the goods we have, or, better still, come in person and look over the shoes in stock. It will satisfy you that our claims are based on solid facts and that this is the place to buy footwear. We do business on the live and let live plan. Treat all alike, and have but one price.

Our Leading Lines Always In Stock . . . . . .

For Men	For Women . . . .
STETSON	JOHN H. CROSS
BILT WELL	DOROTHY DODD SHOES
WALK OVER	YEAGER & DAVIS SPECIAL

We have the well known Freed Brothers Working Shoes.

We have a full line of Tan Shoes, high and low cuts,
We can give you men's all leather shoes for dress or work for $1.00
We can give you women's all leather shoes, high or low cut, for $1.00
Why shuffle about in shoes too large
Or limp in a pair too small,
When Yeager & Davis have sizes to fit you all.
Style, Finish, Durability and Prices guaranteed to give satisfaction.

YEAGER & DAVIS
BELLEFONTE, PA.

YEAGER & DAVIS